Appendix i

Machibya F.K. Mwalla, Shinyanga Commercial Institute, P.O. Box 190, SHINYANGA.

1st November, 2003

То

Chairperson, Shinyanga Women Saving and Crediting Society, P. O. Box 98, SHINYANGA.

RE: <u>APPLICATION FOR WORKING TOGETHER WITH CHAMIWASHI IN</u> <u>DEVELOPING THE ORGANIZATION FOR THE BENEFIT OF</u> <u>THE MEMBERS AND THE SOCIETY AT LARGE</u> <u>(LETTER OF INTRODUCTION)</u>

SELF INTRODUCTION

The heading a bove is r eferred, I'm a student of the OPEN UNIVERSITY OF TANZANIA, in collaboration with the SOUTHERN NEW HAMPHIRE UNIVERSITY of the United States of America, doing a masters degree course in COMMUNITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT program, (CED). One of our important role as students is to work with a community based organization (CBO) like CHAMIWASHI as part of our training. I have chosen your organization to work with you. I will participate fully in any area of interest like training members of the organization (Seminars) developing the organizational structure, writing proposals for assistance, developing systems of the organization and anything of interest with the organization, I'm ready to work together with you very seriously.

Currently I'm teaching at Shinyanga Commercial Institute in Shinyanga town. I'm very glad to see also that the organization is registered (registration number 11997) and has an office and it has started operating.

As part of my training I will provide free expertise (free technical assistance). The organization will not be required to pay for my service. If given an opportunity to work with your organization, I believe great success will be achieved as I have skills and knowledge (expertise) in developing community based organization like yours. I sincerely look forward to hear from you positively. For more communication use Tel:

 $0282762590\ \text{or}\ \text{mobile}\ \text{phone}\ 07448882896\ \text{and}\ \text{use}\ \text{the}\ \text{address}\ \text{above}\ \text{for}\ \text{further}\ \text{communication}.$

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Thanks you in advance,

Yours sincerely,

MACHIBYA F.K. MWALLA MSC. CED participant

Appendix ii

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PROJECT WORK PLAN

DATE	OBJECTIVES	ACTIVITIES	RESOURCES	PERSON RESPONSIBLE
October	Identification of the local	To think of a CBO to work with	Time	Mwalla, M.F.K.
2003	СВО			CED participant
November 2003	Initial communication with the identified CBO	 Make telephone call to the identified CBO for making appointment visit. Visiting the CBO to meet the Chairperson/Managing director Prepare letter of introduction and submit it Follow-up for a response 	Time Transport Stationery	CED participant
December 2003	Familiarization and initial agreement	• Visit the CBO for familiarization with the management committee and share on expectations from each other	• Transport	CED participant and CBO Management Committee
January 2004	Final agreement with the CBO	• To visit the CBO to finalize on the assignment to be done I and the CBO	• Transport	CED participant, and CBO office
February	Document Review	• Review all necessary	Time to	CED participant

		 documents of the CBO to get to know in detail their vision, mission, objectives etc. Review other documents that are relevant to the assignment agreed upon. 	read the documents	
March 2004	Online Communication	 Communication to the CBO for clarification of issues that might not be clear by going through reading the documents. To share with the CBO on the progress 	 Postage costs Transport Money 	CED participant and CBO management committee
April 2004	Visiting the CBO and Familiarization	 To be introduced to the community members To inform them on my intension and mission and to prepare them for full participation in the process 	TimeTransport	CED participant and the CBO community
May 2004	Identifying groups of respondents (units of inquiry)	 To identify the units of inquiry To inform the groups that will participate in the exercise To agree the time for the collecting the responses 	TransportTime	CED participant and the CBO Community
June	To select data collection	• To access the targeted group	Transport	CED participant, targeted

2004	method	 and decide on the appropriate method of data collection To involve the targeted groups to decide in mode and tools to be used to collect the required informations if possible To share with the supervisor 		groups for data collection
July 2004	Preparation of Data Collection tools	 To distribute the data collection tools to the targeted groups and individuals To decide on the deadline for collection of the responses Make follow-up through visits, telephone etc. 	TimeTransport	CED participant and CBO Management Committee
September 2004	Data Analysis	 To select the data analysis method To do the analysis of data To share with the supervisor 	TimeStationeryComputer	CED participant
October 2004	Data presentation	 To identify ways of data presentation To do the data presentation as its appropriate To share with the supervisor 	TimeStationery	CED participant
November	Report Compilation	To document all the CBO	• Time	CED participant

2004	(writing)	 information; survey findings and recommendations to form a single document (compilation) To share with the supervisor 	 Stationery Binding the document 	
December 2004	Report Sharing	 To share the first draft of the report with the CBO management committee To make any necessary additions, subtraction (to incorporate any suggested comments) To share with the supervisor. 	TimeStationery	CED participant and the CBO management committee
January 2005	Final Document (Report)	 To prepare the final report to be submitted to the CBO for use To present the project work to the instructors Hand the final report to the faculty instructor, CBO and others as it be required. The supervisor to be involved in all the stages for comments 	 Time Stationery Postage costs 	CED participant

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Appendix iii

BACKGROUND INFORMATION ABOUT THE CBO (CHAMIWASHI) 1.1 MEMBERSHIP

CHAMIWASHI stands for "Chama cha Akiba na Mikopo Wanawake Shinyanga" (The Women Saving and Crediting Society). It is a non-profit community based organization (CBO). CHAMIWASHI was established in 2001 by the founder members who have been working jointly together in income generating activities for an average of more than five(5) years. It is composed of 54 members, where 3 out of 54 are founding members. The founder member are three small business

1.2 FOUNDING MEMBERS

The founder members are three small business women in Shinyanga Municipality, who are, Therezia Maganga, Hawa Kaheza and Patricia Shija, who had a joint small shop decided to sell the idea to other women of forming a CBO. On 5th January 2003 they had a meeting that 56 women attended it.

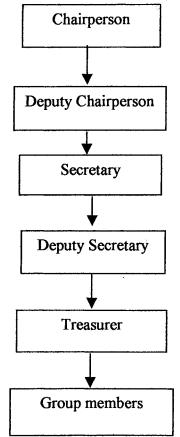
1.3 THE CHAMIWASHI (CBO)

The idea of forming the CBO was accepted after a long discussion into why they should work as a group towards poverty eradication.

1.4 OFFICE PREMISES

The CBO was registered in July 2003 with registration number SO. No. 211997. The CBO so far is consisted of 54 members. The group has hired an office at Kambarage Stadium numbered 48.

1.5 ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE



1.6 LEADERSHIP

Currently CHAMIWASHI has the following leadership

Chairperson: Esha Stima

Deputy Chairperson: Therezia Maganga

Secretary: Hawa Kaheza

Deputy Secretary: Moshi Kanji

Treasurer: Patricia Shija

1.7 VISION AND MISSION

Vision and Mission statement of the community based organization (CHAMIWASHI) were not in place at the time of engagement for working with the organization. The organization requested me to assist in formulating them, the work we worked hand in hand with the CBO management team basing on the objectives to be achieved. The vision and mission statements were as follows:

- **1.7.1 Vision**: Economic prosperity for small-business women through improved income generating activities projects.
- **1.7.2 Mission**: To ensure poor women have access to capital and technical assistance needed for viable income generating activities.

1.8 OBJECTIVES OF THE CBO

CHAMIWASHI is dedicated in building Social and economic capacity among its members. The majority of women in the country are in absolute poverty and their standard of living is too low, ultimately the community at large in fighting poverty. However the specific objectives of CHAMIWASHI are:

- To raise the standard of living of the group members through improved IGAs.
- To ensure viable and sustainable IGAs for the group members and the community.
- To create and promote an environment for capital creation to support and enhance the group IGAs.
- • To promote economic empowerment through creation of a saving habit and accessing credit to enable group members effectively and efficiently improve and manage their own IGAs.
- To disseminate information among women regarding access to various types of credit and other available social and economic facilities and opportunities supportive of women economic development.

1.9 CONTACT PERSON AND ADDRESS

Mrs Esha Stima the organization's Chairperson, with telephone number 0744633248, She is the contact person for the CBO.

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1.10 SOURCES OF FUNDS

CHAMIWASHI's main source of funds is from member's contributions other sources include resources mobilized through fund raising initiatives as well as seeking loans from donors. In July 2003 the CBO started with a capital of Tsh.3,190,000/=, with assets in the office:

- Office table 1
- Office chair 3
- Shelve 1

SWOT Analysis of CHAMIWASHI

Basing on the background informations about CHAMIWASHI, the following is its

Internal Environment	External Environment					
Strengths:	Opportunities					
 Dedicated group members for socioeconomic development Each group member has an initiative IGA project Use of non-permanent staff Has an office for administrative matters 	 Positive attitude of government towards development of micro-enterprises in particular for women External donors are in support of women socioeconomic development assistance Technical support from other related CBO is available to support the group. 					
Weakness	Threats					
 Lack of own facilities and office premises Low working capital of IGAs. Lack of management education; skills for economic projects 	 High sales tax High inflation rate Unpredictable rainfall pattern that affect agricultural products 					

SWOT analysis.

Appendix iv

SHINYANGA WOMEN SAVING AND CREDITING

SOCIETY (SHINYANGA)

QUESTIONNAIRE FOR THE GROUP MEMBERS NAME: AGE: PROJECT (SHOP; POULTRY KEEPING) 1. (i) The project was started with the capital of (ii) Where did you get the capital? (iii) If the capital was given to you from other people, what were the conditions? (iv) Was the capital enough to run the project? Yes/No (v) If the capital was not enough what effort are you making to secure more resources for the project? 2. (i) As a member of the CBO do you think is important to have the CBO? Yes/No. (ii) Explain why Yes/No. _____ 3. As a member of the CBO what contribution can you give to strengthen you CBO? (i)

(ii) (iii) 4. Is there any improvement needed for your project? (i) Yes/No Explain why Yes/No (ii) 5. Is there any need of getting an assistance from other people? Yes/No (i) (ii) Explain why Yes/No 6. What kind of assistance you would like to get? (a) Capacity Building (training) Yes/No If yes what kinds of training? . (i) (ii) (iii) (b) Loan? Yes/No

7. Do you have any personal suggestion that can help the CBO to improve the standard

of living of the members? Yes/No

~

Explain

.....

Appendix v

SHINYANGA WOMEN SAVING AND CREDITING

SOCIETY (SHIWOSACSO)

QUEST NAME:	IONNAIRE FOR THE MANAGEMENT
AGE:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
POSITI	ON:
1. (a) Ho	ow many members so far do you have in your CBO
(b) Li	st some of the projects that members are doing
(i)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(ii)	·
(iii)	
(iv)	
(v)	
(vi)	۰
(vii)	·
(viii)	
(ix)	
(x)	
2. What	are the objectives of your CBO?
(i)	·····
(ii)	
(iii)	

3. Why did you choose these objectives for you CBO? 4. What are the conditions for membership? ------..... 5. Mention the sources of capital that are already in place for your CBO (i) **(ii)** ~ (iii) 6. What are the future plans for the development of your CBO? 7. In case you get a funder for the CBO what are your priorities? 8. Mention the main functions of the management of the CBO _____ 9. Draw the CBO structure.

Appendix vi

INFORMATION EXTRACTED FROM THE QUESTONNAIRES FROM THE CBO MEMBERS

NAME	AGE	OCCUPATION	LOCATION WARD	(IGA) INCOME GENERATING ACTIVITIES	INITIAL CAPITAL	SOURCE OF CAPITAL	IS THE CBO IMPORTANT?	PARTICIPATION TO IMPROVE THE CBO	NEED TO IMPROVE THE IGA	NEED FOR ASSITANCE FROM OTHERS?	TYPE OF ASSITANCE NEEDED	SUGGESIONS FOR IMPROVING THE CBO
1	52	Petty business	Kambarage	Mama lishe	40,000/=	Chidren	Yes	Monthly membership contribution 500/=	Yes	Yes	Capacity building, Loan	
2	42	Petty business	Kambarage	Tailoring	50,000/= sewing machine	Husband	Yes	Monthly membership contribution 500/=	Yes	Yes	Capacity building, Loan	
3	35	Petty business	Ngokolo	Shop	100,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly contribution membership 500/=	Yes	Yes	Capacity building Loan	To access credity
4	24	Petty business	Ndala	Shop	100,000/=	Father	Yes	HIV awareness creation, Monthly 500/= contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan, Capacity building	Capacity building for the members for economic projects
5	24	Worker ((shopkeeper)	Chamaguha	Goat keeping	50,000/=	Salary	Yes	Monthly 500/= contribution	Yes	Yes	Capacity building Loan	Women to unite and form IGA's
6	38	Petty business	Kambarage	Tailoring	50,000/=	Husband	Yes	Attend meeting Contribution Monthly	Yes	Yes	Sewing machine Capacity building	

7	30	Pettry business	Mwasele	Tailoring	15,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes	Loan	To assist HIV
								contribution 500/=			Capacity building	victims in paying monthly contribution to the CBO
8	50	Petty business	Chamaguha	Mama lishe	40,000/=	Loan	Yes	Monthly contribution 500/=	Yes	Yes	Loan, Capacity building	Each member should pay the Monthly contribution
9	57	Petty business	Chamaguha	Cows keeping	100,000/=	Salary	Yes	Monthly contribution 500/=	Yes	Yes	loan, Capacity building	
10	30	Petty business	Chamaguha	Goats keeping	50,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly contribution 500/=	Yes	Yes	Capacity building, Heifer	Proper keeping of CBO Funds, Working hard each member.
11	50	Petty business	Chamaguha	Cows keeping	100,000/=	Terminal benefits	Yes	Capacity building	Yes	Yes	Capacity building, Cows, Ioan.	Capacity building on IGAs
12	64	Petty business	Chamaguha	Cows keeping	80,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly contribution 500/=	Yes	Yes	loan Capacity building	To work hard on economic activities, members
13	38	Petty business	Chamaguha	Cows keeping	50,000/=	Family	Yes	Monthly contribution and others	Yes	Yes	Loan Capacity building	Working hard
14	42	Petty business	Ndala	Shop	500,000/=	SEDA	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan	
15	52	Petty business	Chamaguha	Cows keeping	100,000/=	Salary	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Capacity building Loan	
16	39	Petty business	Ndala	Mama Lishe	40,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly	Yes	Yes	Loan	

								contribution				
17	53	Petty business	Kambarage	Mama Lishe	60,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan	
18	32	Petty business	Chamaguha	Bread barking	50,000/=	SEDA	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Capacity building, Loan	
19	55	Petty business	Ngokolo	Juice making	30,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan	
20	46	Petty business	Chamaguha	Tailoring	50,000/=	Father	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan	
21	29	Petty business	Kambarage	Poultry	100,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan of machine	
22	35	Petty business	Chamaguha	Poultry	60,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan Capacity building	
23	56	Petty business	Kambarage	Cows Keeping	150,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan, Capacity building	
24	50	Petty business	Chamaguha	Mama Lishe	45,000/=	Children	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan	
25	48	Petty business	Chamaguha	Mama Lishe	30,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan	To increase the monthly contribution
26	46	Petty business	Chamaguha	Tailoring	Sewing machine 50,000/=	Relative	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan, Capacity building	
27	45	Petty business	Ndala	Poultry	100,000/=	Family	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan, Capacity building	
28	34	Petty business	Kambarage	Cows keeping	Heifer 50,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan, Capacity	

											building	
29	50	Petty business	Ngokolo	Tailoring	120,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan, Capacity building	
30	48	Petty business	Chamaguha	Selling fruits	50,000/=	Mother	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan	Each member should Work hard
31	52	Pety business	Kambarage	Mama lishe	120,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan Capacity building	
32	38	Petty business	Chamaguha	Mama lishe	45,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan, Capacity building	
33	51	Petty business	Mwasele	Tailoring	200,000/=	Terminal benefit	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan	
34	45	Petty business	Chamaguha	Selling fruits	20,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan, Capacity building	
35	53	Petty business	Chamaguha	Vegetable sselling	30,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan	
36	47	Petty business	Ndala	Poultry	50,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan, Capacity building	
37	50	Petty business	Mwasele	Cows keep	200,000/=	Tailoring	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Capacity building, loan	
38	39	Petty business	Chamaguha	Mama Lishe	50,000/=	Mama lishe	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan	
39	55	Petty business	Kambarage	Tailoring	80,000/=	Family	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan	
40	43	Petty business	Chamaguha	Cows keeping	Heifer 60,000/=	Garden (rain sseason	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan, Capacity building	

41	37	Petty business	Ndala	Goat selling and buying	40,000/=	Buying and selling goat	Yes	Monthly Contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan	
42	52	Petty business	Kambarage	Poultry	100,000/=	Poultry	Yes	Monthly Contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan	
43	48	Petty business	Chamaguha	Mama lishe	40,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan Capacity building	The CBO to share experience with others CBO'S
44	59	Petty business	Chamaguha	Food selling	30,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan	The CBO should look for Assistances (donors)
45	45	Petty business	Kambarage	Cows keeping	100,000/=	Family	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan	More education on HIV. Needed for members
46	46	Petty business	Ndala	Selling fruits	20,000/=	Husband	Yes	Monthly contribution	Yes	Yes	Loan	

Income Generating Activities	Chamaguha	Ngokolo	Kambarage	Ndala	Mwasele	Total number	<u>Percentage</u>
Food Kiosk (Mamalishe)	8	0	2	1	0	11	23.9
Tailoring	1	1	3	0	2	7	15.2
Indigenous cows	6	0	3	0	1	10	21.7
Indigenous chicken	1	0	2	2	0	5	10.8
Goat Buying and Selling meat	2	0	0	1	0	3	6.5
Shop	0	1	0	2	0	3	6.5
Vegetable selling	1	1	0	1	0	3	6.5
Bakery	1	0	. 0	0	0	1	2.2
Juice making	3	0	0	0	0	3	6.5

Income Generating Activities for the group members

	Frequency	Percentage	Valid	Cumulative
	Trequency	Tercentage	percentage	percentage
Valid :Yes	46	85.2	100	100
No	0	0.0	0	100
Total	46	85.2	100	
Missing system	8	14.8		
Total	54	100		

If aware of the existence of the CBO

Source: Survey study.

The Participation of the group member in the process

	Erecuency	Domoontago	Valid	Cumulative
	Frequency	Percentage	percentage	percentage
Valid: No comment	0	0	0	0
• Participated	44	81.5	97.8	97.8
in projects				
• Participated				
in giving				
ideas	2	3.7	2.2	100
Total	46	85.2	100	
Missing system	8	14.8		
Total	54	100		

Frequency	Percentage	Valid percentage	Cumulative percentage
			5
1	1.8	2	2
45	83.3	98	100
46	85.1	100	
8	14.9		
54	100		
	1 45 46 8	1 1.8 45 83.3 46 85.1 8 14.9	percentage 1 1.8 2 45 83.3 98 46 85.1 100 8 14.9 100

Advantages of the CBO to the Community

	Frequency	Percentage	Valid percentage	Cumulative percentage
Valid: Solidarity,				
Integrity,				
transparency and	20	37	42.2	42.2
monitoring				
Loan for a capital	26	48	57.8	100
Total	46	85	100	
Missing System	8	15		
Total	54	100		

Response on how to make the IGAs sustainable

	Frequency	Percentage	Valid	Cumulative
			percentage	percentage
Valid members				
• contribution	18	33.3	39.5	39.5
• From donors	5	9.2	10.0	49.5
• Both members				
contribution	23	42.5	50.5	100
and donors				
Total	46	85	100	
Missing system	8	15		
Total	54			

Where will you get funds for running the IGAs

	Frequency	Percentage	Valid percentage	Cumulative percentage
Valid				
• Commitment of				
group members and	28	51.8	60	60
hard working				
• Capital creation and				
capacity building of	18	23.1	40	60
the CBO members				
Total	46	84.9	100	
Missing system	8	15.1		
Total	54	100		

Sustainability of the IGA

Appendix viii

DATA ANALYSIS FOR CHAMIWASHI

MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Cumulative Valid Frequency Percentage percentage percentage Valid: Supported by the 56.3 56.3 56.3 3 • 2 100 Community members 23.7 23.7 To improve IGAs for 100 100 5 Poverty alleviation 0 Total 5 Missing system Total

Reason for establishing the CBO

Source: Survey study.

Participation of the community members

	Frequency	Percentage
Valid: Community		
participation in the	5	100
process		

	Frequency	Percentage	Valid percentage	Cumulative frequency
Valid				
• Improving the				
standard of living of	3	60	60	60
the group members				
• Help in Capital	2	40	40	100
Creation				
Total	5	100	100	

Benefits of the improved IGAs to the community

Appendix ix

BUDGET FOR CED PROJECT PAPER

DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	TOTAL (TSHS)
Traveling expenses	Days	20	1500	30,000
Lunch (meals)	Days	20	1500	30,000
Printing papers	Pcs	150	500	75,000
Film for photos	Pcs	1	2500	2,500
Photocopying (per page)	Pcs	300	50	15,000
Binding services (per copy)	Pcs	6	6000	36,000
Flip Charts	Pcs	1	6500	6,500
Contingency	Pcs	1	50,000	50,000
		Total		245 000

Total

245,000

Appendix x

IMPROVEMENT OF IGAS CHAMIWASHI

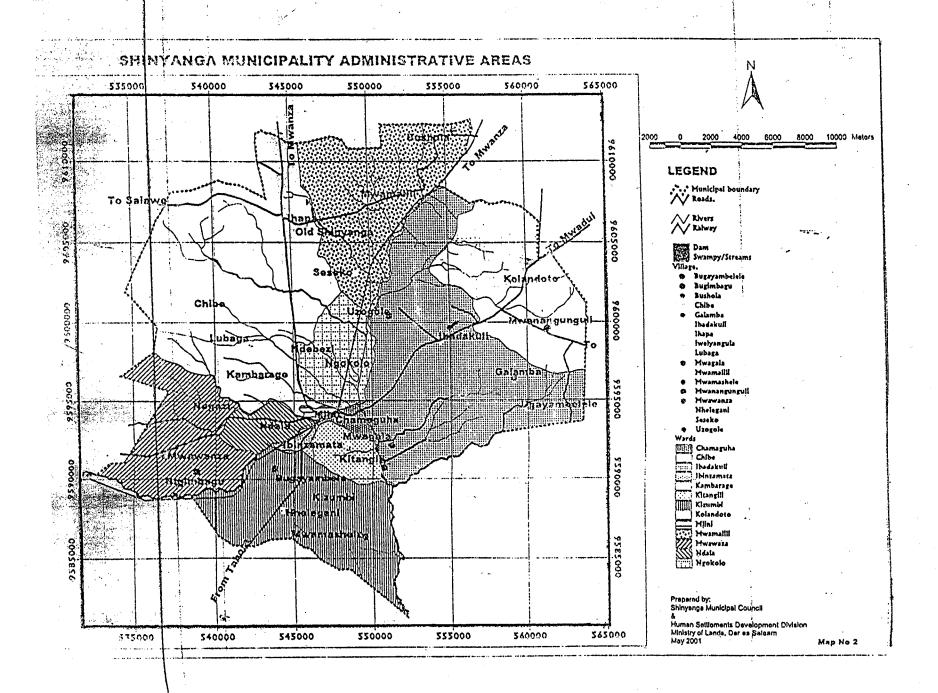
PROJECT LOGFRAME

OBJECTIVE	VARIABLE INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	KEY ASSUMPTIONS
GOAL: • To contribute to improve the IGAs and well being of the poor women in Shinyanga Municipality PURPOSE: To improve the results	 To raise the purchasing power to meet the basic needs to about 70% of the group members Improved 	 Surveys Progress reports 	 Stability of women economic empowerme nt policy in the country No natural calamities Clear policy
To improve access to capital and create saving habit and capacity building to manage economic activities	IGAs Increased capital of group members from the present 3,190,000/= (Initial capital) to 6,000,000/=	reports Evaluation reports 	on Micro enterprise • No serious inflation and devaluation of national currency.
 OUTPUT: Established IGAs with quick return Market for the products increased Increased income Increased capital 'creation and saving habit 	 Increased sales turnover Group members able to meet basic needs. Smooth running of the IGAs projects. 	 CBO records Projects financial records CBO individual members project records 	• CBO members maintain their commitment

ACTIVITIES	IMPUTS FOR	R 2 YEARS
1.0 Improvement of IGAs Project	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
• Training, and promotion to improve the IGAs	Capital items – TShs	50,000,000/=
projects	Training the manageme	nt
• Planning, training, establishment and promotion	Committee	5,000,000/=
to improve IGAs.	Monitoring and Evaluat	ion <u>2,000,000</u>
• Management, planning and mobilization of	Sub – Total	57,000,000
local available resources	Contingence	5,700,000
• Solicited external support (funds)	Project costs	62,700,000
• Lobbying and advocacy to help women in		
poverty eradication		
2.0 Capacity building:		
• Sensitization meetings on income generating		
activities.		
• Accessing fund for income generating		
activities.		
• Training on project Management		
• Training of CBO Management		
Committee on resources mobilization for		
Improved IGAs.		

Appendix xi





Appendix xii

TABLES

Table (i)

PRIDE Tanzania current loan levels and sizes

Loan Level	Loan Amount
1	50,000
2	150,000
3	300,000
. 4	500,000
5	1,000,000
6	2,000,000
7	3,000,000
8	5,000,000

Source: PRIDE Tanzania

Table (ii)

PRIDE Tanzania current Repayment terms

Loan Level	Loan Amount	Repayment Period (weeks)
1	50,000	25
2	150,000	50
3	300,000	50
4	500,000	50
5	1,000,000	50
6	2,000,000	50
7	3,000,000	75
8	5,000,000	100

Source: PRIDE Tanzania

Table (iii)

PRIDE Tanzania current interest rate structure

Loan	Loan Amount	Repayment	Interest Rate
Level		Period	p.a
		(weeks)	
1	50,000	25	30%
2	150,000	50	30%
3	300,000	50	30%
4	500,000	50	28%
5	1,000,000	50	28%
6	2,000,000	50	24%
7	3,000,000	75	24%
8	5,000,000	100	24%

Source: PRIDE Tanzania

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Appendix xiii

NOTES

- According to the survey report, upatu was the most prevalent method of savings and credit 26% of the villages, and mostly by women. The usage of upatu was most common is the Mtwara, Coast, Tanga, Mara, Mwanza and Kagera regions.
 Upatu involve 10 - 20 members who know and trust each other, in a rotating savings and credit association.
- Voice of the Poor: Poverty and Social capital of Tanzania. Deepa Naranyan, Environmentally and Socially Sustainable Development Studies and Monographs Series, #20. Washington, D.C.

111 APPENDIX (XIV)



Some members of CHAMIWASHI group saving some food to customers



CHAMIWASHI group members preparing some food



The management committee members of CHAMIWASHI and a CED student at one of the group members shop.



A CHAMIWASHI group member feeding indigenous chicken as one of the project

Appendix xv

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