APPENDIX: I

PICTURE TAKEN DURING SURVEY IMPLEMENTATION

1. Street Children living in the streets



The above picture a researcher is talking to street children who live in the street about their life style why are they living in the street, what happened to their parents, their education status and if they would like to go back to their families or to any centre which takes care of street children



Street children who live in the street, at the above picture are very happy after learning that after the interview they will be taken to lunch

A: i



Like any children at the family when show them you care, then they can show their happiness by entertaining you. This is what they were doing after being with them for some hours, as you can see at the above picturet

2. Street Children living at CCF Hostels



Street children at the centre are very different from street children who live in the streets. Street children at the centre are easier to be reached with help. The picture above children for CCF centre received gifts from the community members



The picture at the right, street children are very happy after receiving donation of clothes from the community members. Each one had a piece of clothing at his hand



The street children and their social worker are very happy after receiving donation of clothes from the well wisher from the community members, as seen at the above picture

APPENDIX: II

A COMPLETE PROPOSAL

After five days of training we came up with a complete proposal which was sent to Ford Foundation and Kresge Foundation.

THE PROPOSAL PROVISION OF SUSTANABLE EDUCATION SUBSIDIZATION AND VOCATIONAL TRAINING FOR CCF PROJECT OF STREET CHILDREN:

a) Executive Summary:

Children for Children's Future is a Non Governmental Organization initiated in 1994 and got its registration in 1998 under Ministry of Home Affairs the organization is motivated by voluntarism spirit, participatory processes and effective partnerships, envisions in Arusha Region

Tanzania, have the problem of street children caused by poverty which has destroyed the family structure. The statistics of street children among youth in Arusha city with the population of 281,608 people is estimated to be 700. (Mkombozi Report 2003) As far as education is concerned, majority of these children had low education, and some had never gone to school at all.

Arusha being an attractive town due to different business carried out, have been attracting young people from nearby regions, towns and villages to come to look for jobs, unfortunately if their dream does not turn the way they expected then they turn into begging.

The project will intervene and indicate the absence or limited parent / guidance for the responsibility of their action in protecting street children who have been identified by CCF and re-integrated to their societies.

Considering the above statement, CCF will need US \$ 2,073,600 to run activities on the Project of "Provision of Sustainable Education and Subsidization on Basic Needs for Street Children of Arusha"

b) Community Needs Assessment.

• In February, 2006 the community needs assessment survey was conducted to various people of Arusha including stakeholders of the project with the intension of making them realize the root courses of the problems, and make them participate fully, on decision-making, plans and in evaluation on appropriate and culturally sensitive solution.

c). Problem Justification:

In detail, participants discussed problems and justifying donor support:

- i. Causes of problem
- ii. Problem duplication in other countries
- iii. Data provided by various research
- iv. Efforts to tackle problem
- v. Problem resolution
- vi. Resource needs

These items were thoroughly discussed using a problem tree. At completion of the discussion provided several causes to the problems and consequences of street children.

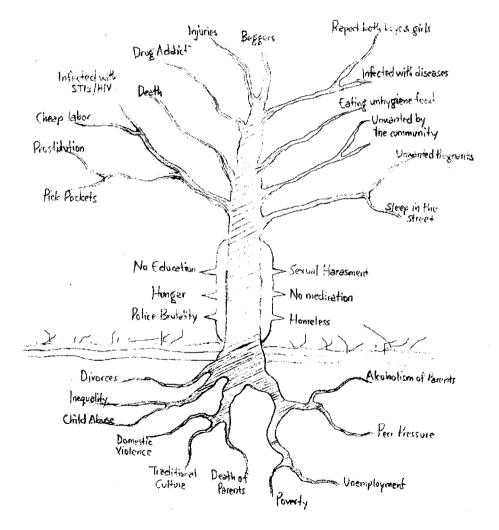


Fig. 20: A Problem Tree.

Source: Prepared by the researcher

d) Project Vision, Mission, Overall Objective, and Sub-Objectives

Participants were asked to develop the vision, mission, overall objective and sub- objectives following the indicators given:

- i. What do you want to achieve?
- ii. What do you want to help to achieve?
- iii. What specifically do you want to change?
- iv. What activities will contribute to achieving your goal?
- v. What is the desired outcome or output of the project?

e) Implementation:

The project duration is 3 years, starts January 2007 and ends in December 2010. The project will have both participatory, decision-making and planning involvement of the community members and the target group itself. The interaction of the involvement of these stakeholders is to make them participate full and be part of the project and together decide for the plans.

Considering the above statement, CCF kindly we requests US \$ 2,073,600 to run the activities for three years of Provision of Sustainable Education, and Subsidization for Basic Needs for Street Children project of Arusha region.

i. Gender

Girls who are at the centre will receive equal attention as boys, even though boys are more than girls. The project will ensure that both girls and boys are equally taken care of.

ii. ASRH/HIV/AIDS:

Knowing that HIV/AIDS is a problem to all people regardless to street children, CCF management will organize to have classes of Adolescent Sexual Reproductive Health HIV, AIDS and STIs. These subject will be facilitated by the out side facilitators from collaborating NGOs.

iii. The target groups.

The primary beneficiaries for this project are children aged 5 to 14 years old which are the primary beneficiaries, parents being secondary beneficiaries and policy maker be a tertiary beneficiary.

iv. Collaborators:

The project will be implemented in collaboration with MKOMBOZI, CHISWEA, LOHADA, HAPPY WATOTO, USA RIVER ORPHANS and GOOD HOPE CENTRE. The collaborators will work hand in hand with CCF to share experience, to share resources and to share ideas of how to help raise awareness to the community on children rights.

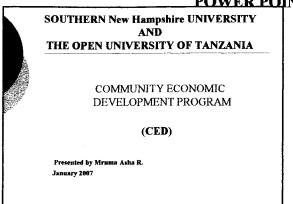
Proposed Budget For

PROVISION SUSTANABLE EDUCATION SUBSIDIZATION AND VOCATIONAL TRAINING FOR CCF PROJECT OF STREET CHILDREN: SENT TO ST. PAUL MISSIONNARIES

ACTIVITIES	1 st , YEAR US \$	2 nd , YEAR US \$	3 rd , YEAR US \$	TOTAL US \$
Personnel/Salaries	157,000	157,000	157,000	471,600
Travelling costs	35,000	35,000	30,000	100,000
Buildings renovations	60,000	25,000	15,000	100,000
Educations Fees	100,000	90,000	90,000	280,000
Food	80,000	90,000	70,000	240,000
Clothes	50,000	25,000	25,000	100,000
Medication	35,000	30,000	25,000	90,000
Income Generating Activity	50,000	30,000	10,000	90,000
Sports Equipment	30,000	15,000	5,000	50,000
Administration/ office and residential costs	160,000	160,000	160,000	480,000
Water and electricity bills	6,000	6,000	6,000	36,000
Stationeries	6,000	6,000	6,000	36,000
@ YEAR TOTAL	769,000	669,000	699,000	2,073,600
	TŌTAL			2,073,600

Table 19: Summary budget for three years

APPENDEX III. POWER POINT PRESENTATION



CHILDREN FOR CHILDREN FUTURE STREET CHILDREN PROJECT ON PROVISION OF SUSTAINABLE EDUCATION, AND SUBSIDIZATION OF

BASIC NEEDS FOR STREET CHILDREN OF ARUSHA REGION

PROJECT LAY OUT

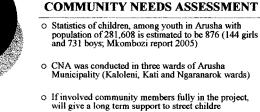
Abstract

- o Executive Summary
- o Community Needs Assessments
- Problem Identification
- o Literature Review
- o Implementation
- o Monitoring and Evaluation
- o Conclusion and Recommendation



ABSTRACT

- C C F is a registered non-governmental organization working with street children of Arusha and Arumeru Districts.
- The organization was established in 1994 and got registration in 1998
- CCF aims to empower, protect and provide basic needs to street children
- The project's target group are street children aged 5 to 14 years old



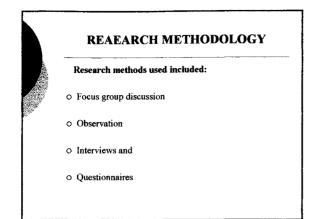
• If the government makes the living environment more conducive to members of the community, will reduce number of children in the street (MKUKUTA)

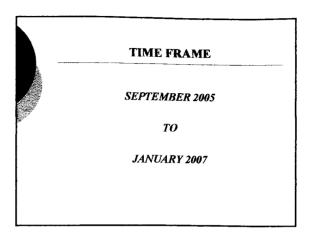


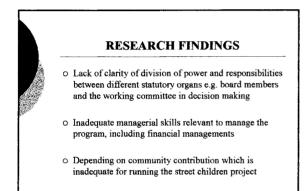
REASERCH OBJECTIVES

- Community mobilization.
- Enhance capacity building in proposal writing and fundraising to CCF staff and members.
- To know the advantages of street children living in the center and disadvantages of street children living in the hostel
- Carry out family reunification of the children where and when its necessary

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RESEARCH FINDINGS cont.

- 67% of community members are aware of street children issues
- 57% of responded admitted that poverty is the major cause of children to live in the street
- 48% people agreed that if are involved in the project will be ready to support the project
- 80% of respondent said VET id appropriate knowledge for street children as will help them to self employ when they finish the training



PROBLEM IDENTIFICATION

From CCF organization

- o Lack of donor from in and outside the country
- o Inadequate knowledge on soliciting funds from donors
- Poor involvement of community members to the street children project



PROBLEM IDENTIFICATION cont.

- From population of 36.3 mil. People of Tanzania 19 mil. Are youth under 18 years, among them 300,000 are street children (National census 2002)
- Children flee to urban areas due to poverty, domestic violence, family pressure, and death of parents
- Children who live in street faces different trauma which sometimes they cause death to them

LITERATURE REVIEW

o In Africa, 10 mil. Children are estimated to be street children.

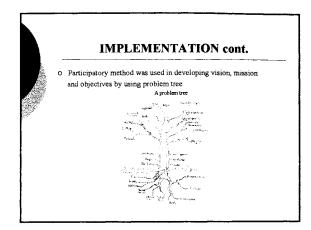
- o There are two type of street children
 - Those who's lives are permanently in the streets
 - Those who earn their living in the street and go back to their family where are supervised by their parents/guardians
- o In many African countries major issues contributes children to flee in cities is poverty

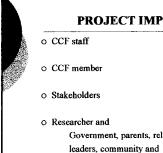
LITERATURE REVIEW cont. o NGO in many countries are very much involved in street children problems

- o In Tanzania the government has formulated a child development policy which was adapted in 1996
- o Moreover the government has passed number of agreement on marriage (Act No. 5 of 1971)
- o Every child has the right to have access to free education (National Act No. 25 of 1978)

IMPLEMENTATION o October 2005 identification of Needs Assessment at CCF organization

- March 2006 sensitization workshop conducted to 20 ward leaders from community members, to create awareness of street children problems
- o May 2006 dinner fundraising conducted to solicit funds for street children project
- o September 2006, capacity building on proposal writing to CCF members and staff in order to solicit funds for street children project
- o October 2006 January 2007 final report writing on street children project book





PROJECT IMPLEMENTER

Government, parents, religious collaborating NGOs

MONITORING & EVALUATION

Tools used:

- 0 Focus Group Discussion
- 0 Observation
- Record Review (MIS) 0



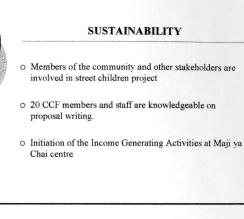
MONITORING & EVALUATION cont.

Monitoring and evaluation access the following:

- o Progress of the project
- Participation of the community members to street children project
- Commitment of community members to street children project
- o Availability of funds to run street children activities

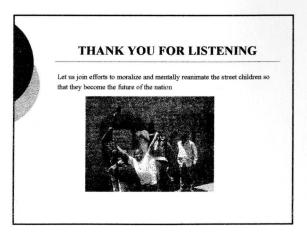
Specific Objectives	Activities	Outputs	Responsible Person
Community mobilization	Sensitization meeting to community leaders for the advocacy of recourse	40 community members have been sensitized on street children problem	Management team & the researcher
Enhance capacity building in proposal writing and fundraising	Conduct proposal and fund rising w/shop	10 management team empowered on proposal writing skills	Researcher
Soliciting funds for street children of CCF organization	Preparation for strategies for dinner fundraising	Availability for fund to run street children activities	CCF management and the researcher
Provision of basic needs	Renovation of centers Identification of schools	Center will be renovated. 80 children in schools and VET.	CCF management team and researcher

Specific Objectives	Activities	Outputs	Responsible Person
Carry out family reunification	Home visits Counseling services	Children re unified with their families	CCF staff and a researcher
Whether the schedule was followed as planned	Prepare a monitoring and evaluation plan	Important aspect of the street children project was assessed	CCF management team and the researcher
Documentation of the report	Writing the final report	Useful to entire community	Researcher



CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENTATION

- Street children of today can be guerrillas and terrorists of tomorrow. The problem can no longer be ignored. It is clear that Tanzanians have no real alarm or government outrage towards this issue.
- Children are the future of our nation, and Tanzania must make the investment.
- If the community is involved in the programme, they will contribute to supporting the street children.
- Strengthen the capacity of families to protect and care for children by providing economic, psychosocial and other support.



APPENDIX: IV

QUESTIONNAIRES ONE

1. To CCF members and staff

1.	Name of Respondent.
2.	Position.
3.	Name of the organization.
4.	(Put a tick to the desirable box) Status of your organization
	Non-Governmental Organization (NGO)
	Community Based Organization (CBO)
	Civil Society Organization (CSO)
	Local
	National
	International
5	When was it initiated?
6.	Organization Mission.
7.	Objectives.
8.	How many employed staff? No. Volunteers
9.	How many street children are you hosting?
10	What program of street children do you run?

	For how long have you been assisting street children? Have you been involving the community members? How?
13.	Do you collaborate with other organization? Who are they?
14.	What do you benefit from this collaboration?
15.	What are the problems of street children?
16.	Do you think your organization services addressed all the needs of the street children? If Not. Why?
17.	What do you think will help you to streamline these problems?

QUESTIONNAIRES TWO

2. To the community members.

(Put a tick to a desirable box ;)				
1.	a) Sex.	M.		
		F.		
	b) A ==	12 10	[]	
	b) Age.	12 – 19,		
		20–25,		
		26 – 35,		
		36 – 45,		
		Others,		
	c) Education.	None,		
		Primary,		
		Secondary,		
		University,		
	d) Marital Status	s Married,		
		Divorced,		
		Widow,		
	e) Profession	Civil Servants		
		Housewives		
		Business people		
		Causal labour		
2.	How knowledge street children?	able do you believe you are aware on the issu	e of	

Very knowledgeable	
Knowledgeable	
Somewhat knowledgeable	
I do not know	

3.	Who is to blame for the street children to be in the streets?	
	Father	
	Mother	
	Both parents	
	I don't know	
4.	What causes street children to go and live in the streets?	
	Poverty	
	Domestic violence/abuse	
	Orphan-hood	
	Laziness	
	Ignorance	
	Drug addiction	
5.	How is the attitude of the community of Arusha towards str children?	reet
	Positive	
	Indifferent	
	Negative	
	I do not know	
6.		
	Who do you think they are to support the street children?	
	Who do you think they are to support the street children? The community	
	The community	
	The community External Donors	
7.	The community External Donors NGOs I don't know What support do you think street children needs most?	
7.	The community External Donors NGOs I don't know What support do you think street children needs most? Education	
7.	The community External Donors NGOs I don't know What support do you think street children needs most? Education Food	
7.	The community External Donors NGOs I don't know What support do you think street children needs most? Education	

Do you think the street children needs to be educated?	
Yes from Primary school to University level	
Yes for Primary school only	
Yes for Vocational Trainings	
No, they have to be left in the street	
I don't know	

8.

11.

9. If informed about the program of street children are you ready to support in;

Education	
Vocational education training	
Provision of food	
Provision of shelter	
Nothing	

10. Will you be willing in financially support for the construction of a VET-C for CCF street children?

Yes,	
No.	
I don't know	
Would you be more willing to support VET-C project for s children if you knew it will be sustainable? More willing to support a VET-C, if will be	treet
sustainable More willing to support a VET-C which is a donor	
dependant.	
I don't know	

QUESTIONNAIRES THREE

3. To street children

(Put a tick to a desirable box ;)

1) Personal particular;

-)	olui pui no	-)	
i.	Age	5 – 7,	
		8 – 10,	
		11 – 14,	
		15 – 17,	
		Above 20	
ii.	Sex	Female	
		Male	
iii.	Education	level	
iv.	What leve	l of education you completed?	
1	** 1140 10*		
V.	Have you	received any vocational trainin	.g?
	Yes,		
	No,		
3) Bacl	ground of liv	ring in the streets	
i.	What cause	d you to come to live in the stre	ets?
ii.	2	ou get your food?	
iii.	What suppo	rt do you think you need most?	

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APPENDIX: V

Letter of Introduction

Ms Asha R. Mruma, P.O.box 8123, Arusha. Tanzania

Chairperson, Children for Children Future, Arusha.

Dear Sir/madam,

RE: REQUEST TO PROVODE A FREE TECHNICAL CONSULTANCY IN YOUR ORGANIZATION

I am a student in the MSc Community Economic Development program at the Open University of Tanzania and Southern New Hampshire University.

As partial of my fulfilment of the program, I am required to present a survey in project design and Management for local NGO or CBO. In doing that, consequently I have chosen your organization as my project paper of which I will work with you for the period of eighteen months starting September 2005 to January 2007.

Considering the above statement, I would like to ask your assistance and knowledge of your organization to enable me accomplishes my project paper. I would also like to assure you of my availability to offer my support to your organization both physical and material during the whole period I will be with you.

Looking forward to your kind cooperation

Sincerely

Mruma Asha R.