Summary

M327G(03)-13(RV)

## Current

 IndustrialReports

Current data are released electronically on Internet for all individual surveys as they become available. Use: http://www.census.gov/mcd/. Individual reports can be accessed by choosing "Current Industrial Reports (CIR)," clicking on "CIRs by Subsector;" then choose the survey of interest. Follow the menu to view the PDF file or to download the worksheet file (WK format) to your personal computer.
computer.
These data are also available on Internet through the U.S. Department of Commerce and STAT-USA by subscription. The Internet address is: www.stat-usa.gov/. Follow the prompts to register. Also, you may call

202-482-1986 or 1-800-STAT-USA, for further information.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS. In 2003, production of glass containers in the United States amounted to 244.2 million gross, whereas shipments amounted to 238.4 million gross. In 2002, the total production of glass containers amounted to 248.5 million gross, and the total shipments amounted to 245.3 million gross. Stocks on hand of glass at the end of 2003 totaled 36.4 million gross.

For general CIR information, explanation of general terms and historical note, see the appendix.

Address inquiries concerning these data to Primary Goods Industries Branch, Manufacturing and Construction Division (MCD), Washington, DC 20233-6900, or call Myss Sykes-Stephens, 301-763-5163.
For mail or fax copies of this publication, please contact the Information Services Center, MCD, Washington, DC 20233-6900, or call 301-457-4673.

Table 1. Summary of Shipments, Production, and Stocks of Glass Containers: 2003 and 2002 [Thousands of gross]

Seasonally adjusted l/
Not seasonally adjusted
Year and month

Stocks,<br>end-of-<br>Shipments Production month 2/

## 2003

| Total............ | (X) | (X) | (X) | 238,400 | 244,151 | (X) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| December.. | 20,337 | 20,093 | 36,765 | 17,766 | 16,129 | 36,441 |
| November.............. | 20,208 | 20,246 | 38,548 | 17,786 | 19,714 | 38,941 |
| October. | 20,632 | 20,318 | 39,245 | 20,991 | 21,387 | 37,473 |
| September.............. | 20,443 | 20,016 | 39,994 | 20,629 | 19,507 | 37,508 |
| August................... | 19,936 | 20,091 | 40,841 | 20,919 | 20,597 | 38,925 |
| July....................... | 19,770 | 20,315 | 40,468 | 21,554 | 21,360 | 39,328 |
| June.. | 19,704 | 21,107 | 40,618 | 21,229 | 21,381 | 39,722 |
| May...................... | 19,748 | 20,687 | 38,970 | 21,374 | 21,740 | 39,786 |
| April..................... | 19,420 | 20,541 | 37,551 | 20,487 | 21,183 | 39,604 |
| March. | 19,315 | 20,469 | 36,863 | 19,191 | 21,232 | 39,170 |
| February................ | 19,556 | 20,016 | 35,369 | 17,794 | 19,301 | 37,215 |
| January................. | 19,527 | 20,701 | 34,908 | 18,680 | 20,620 | 35,406 |

2002

Total
December $\qquad$ 20,567
20,008
19,981
20,005
20,041
20,448
20,157
20,194 20,755 20,882 20,776
21,316
November
October
September
August.
July.
June $\qquad$
May.
April.
March
February
January
(X)
(X)
(X)

| 21,475 | 34,499 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 20,997 | 34,165 |
| 20,500 | 33,321 |
| 20,783 | 32,942 |
| 20,544 | 32,414 |
| 20,781 | 32,113 |
|  |  |
| 20,718 | 31,604 |
| 20,989 | 31,454 |
| 20,455 | 30,989 |
| 20,488 | 35,990 |
| 20,380 | 32,308 |
| 20,519 | 36,629 |

Stocks,
end-of-
Shipments Production month 2/
(X)

36,441
38,941

20,919 20,597 38,925

21,229 21,381 39,722
$\begin{array}{lll}21,374 & 21,740 & 39,786 \\ 20,487 & 21,183 & 39,604\end{array}$
19,191 21,232 39,170
$\begin{array}{lll}18,680 & 20,620 & 35,406\end{array}$

$$
245,310 \quad 248,514
$$

(X)

| 17,534 | 17,290 | 34,313 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 18,133 | 21,023 | 34,533 |
| 20,396 | 21,434 | 31,726 |
| 19,333 | 20,204 | 30,760 |
| 21,637 | 21,606 | 30,388 |
| 22,169 | 21,926 | 31,040 |
|  |  |  |
| 21,449 | 20,928 | 30,952 |
| 22,372 | 22,010 | 32,087 |
| 21,739 | 20,800 | 33,006 |
| 21,144 | 21,146 | 38,199 |
| 18,874 | 19,573 | 34,193 |
| 20,530 | 20,574 | 37,362 |

## X Not applicable.

1/Seasonality was detected in the data; therefore, data are adjusted to extract the effects of of seasonality from the original series to reveal the series devoid of seasonal effects.

2/Data are limited to stocks at manufacturing establishments. Prior month end-of-month stocks plus current month production minus current month shipments may not equal current month end-of-month stocks due to breakage, stock adjustments, and resales. Total stocks for the end of a year are shown in December of that year.

Note: One thousand gross $=144,000$.

Table 2. Shipments and Production of Glass Containers by Type of Container and End Use: 1999 to 2003 [Thousands of gross]

| Product <br> code | Product description | 2003 | 2002 | 2001 | 2000 | 1999 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

SHIPMENTS


By type:

| Narrow neck $2 / 3 / \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots .$. | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 194,917 | 200,966 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Wide mouth $2 / 3 / \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$. | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 51,619 | 54,653 |

By end use:
Food:
3272130015
3272130011
3272130021
3272130035
3272130031
3272130041
3272130051
3272130061
3272130065
3272130071
3272130081

## PRODUCTION

|  | Total 1/.......................... | 244,151 | 248,514 | 240,515 | 249,683 | 258,164 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| By type: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Narrow neck 2/3/. | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 197,693 | 201,193 |
|  | Wide mouth 2/3/............... | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 51,990 | 56,971 |
| By end use: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3272130015 | Total 4/.. | 47,245 | 49,129 | 54,398 | 60,084 | 66,099 |
| 3272130011 | Narrow neck 3/............... | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 8,094 | 9,128 |
| 3272130021 | Wide mouth 3/............... | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 51,990 | 56,971 |
| Beverages: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3272130035 | Total 5/.. | 20,397 | 22,129 | 19,486 | (NA) | (NA) |
| 3272130031 | Carbonated 3/................ | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (D) | (D) |
| 3272130041 | Noncarbonated 3/........... | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (D) | (D) |
| 3272130051 | Beer.. | 138,664 | 131,362 | 124,185 | 130,924 | 128,569 |
| 3272130061 | Liquor.............................. | 7,545 | 7,916 | 7,847 | 9,856 | 9,751 |
| 3272130065 | Ready-to-drink alcoholic coolers and cocktails $\qquad$ | 7,979 | 14,352 | 10,416 | (NA) | (NA) |
| 3272130071 | Wine.. | 12,821 | 12,753 | 13,027 | 15,578 | 15,303 |
| 3272130081 | Other 6/............................ | 9,500 | 10,873 | 11,156 | (D) | (D) |

D Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies. NA Not available.
1/Includes exports.
2/Some narrow neck and wide mouth combined categories are included with "Narrow neck containers."
3/Beginning with 1997, data may not be comparable with prior years due to reclassification in the food and beverage categories.

4/For 2001, 2002, and 2003 data for "Narrow neck" and "Wide mouth" food containers were combined into a single "Food, total" container line.

5/For 2001, 2002, and 2003 data for "Carbonated" and "Noncarbonated" beverage containers were combined into a single "Beverage, total" container line.

6/Includes containers for chemical, cosmetic, health, household, industrial, medicinal, and toiletry products.
Note: One thousand gross $=144,000$.

Table 3. Shipments, Production, and Stocks of Glass Containers by End Use: 2003 [Quantity in thousands of gross]
Product
code code

Product description

Total 2003
3272130015
3272130035
3272130045
3272130055
3272130065

3272130075
3272130081

| Total 2/........... |
| :---: |
| Food 3/.. |
| Beverages 4/. |
| Beer...... |
| Liquor.. |
| Ready-to-drink alcoholic coolers and cocktails... |
| Wine... |
| Other 5/.. |

(NA)

$$
238,400
$$

244,151

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { (NA) } \\
& \text { (NA) }
\end{aligned}
$$

| 46,971 | 47,245 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 19,422 | 20,397 |
| 132,746 | 138,664 |
| 7,884 | 7,545 |
|  |  |
| 8,649 | 7,979 |
| 12,794 | 12,821 |
| 9,934 | 9,500 |

January 2003
3272130015
3272130035
3272130045
3272130055
3272130065
3272130075
3272130081

Total 2/
11
Food 3/.................................. 6
3272130015
3272130035
3272130045
3272130055
3272130065

3272130075
3272130081
Beverages 4/................................ 4
Beer........................................ 6
Liquor..................................... 5
Ready-to-drink alcoholic
coolers and cocktails........... 4
Wine..................................... 3
Other 5/................................. 6
March 2003


Table 3. Shipments, Production, and Stocks of Glass Containers by End Use: 2003 [Quantity in thousands of gross]
Product

code Product description \begin{tabular}{c}
Number of <br>
production <br>
companies

 Shipments $\quad$

Stocks, <br>
end-of-
\end{tabular}

|  | April 2003 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Total 2/.................... |
| 3272130015 | Food 3/............................... |
| 3272130035 | Beverages 4/........................ |
| 3272130045 | Beer.. |
| 3272130055 | Liquor. |
| 3272130065 | Ready-to-drink alcoholic coolers and cocktails. |
| 3272130075 | Wine.................................... |
| 3272130081 | Other 5/............................. |


| 20,487 | 21,183 | 39,604 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3,745 | 4,000 | 11,007 |
| 1,831 | 1,787 | 4,460 |
| 11,399 | 11,880 | 13,847 |
| 649 | 757 | 1,967 |
|  |  |  |
| 880 | 805 | 1,525 |
| 1,115 |  | 1,016 |
| 868 | r | 938 |
|  |  | 3,651 |

## May 2003



June 2003

|  | Total 2/.................... | 11 | 21,229 |  | 21,381 |  | 39,722 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3272130015 | Food 3/.............................. | 6 | 4,069 |  | 3,895 |  | 10,557 |
| 3272130035 | Beverages 4/........................ | 4 | 1,891 |  | 2,051 |  | 4,907 |
| 3272130045 | Beer.. | 6 | 11,735 |  | 12,415 |  | 14,399 |
| 3272130055 | Liquor. | 5 | 601 |  | 486 |  | 1,822 |
| 3272130065 | Ready-to-drink alcoholic coolers and cocktails. | 4 | 1,077 | r/ | 695 | r/ | 1,324 |
| 3272130075 | Wine... | 5 | 1,054 |  | 1,021 |  | 3,028 |
| 3272130081 | Other 5/.............................. | 6 | 802 | r/ | 818 | r/ | 3,685 |

July 2003

Total 2/.......................
3272130015 3272130035 3272130045 3272130055 3272130065

3272130075
3272130081

Food 3/.
Beverages 4/
Beer.
Liquor $\qquad$
Ready-to-drink alcoholic coolers and cocktails. $\qquad$
Wine.
Other 5/

11
6 4
6
5
$\begin{array}{ll}3 & \\ 4 & \\ 5 & r /\end{array}$

21,554
21,360
39,328

| 4,138 | 4,008 | 10,387 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1,809 | 1,891 | 5,008 |
| 12,152 | 12,188 | 14,232 |
| 593 | 619 | 1,878 |
|  |  |  |
| 825 | 716 | 1,116 |
| 1,180 |  | 1,163 |
| 857 | r/ | 775 |
|  |  | r/ |
|  |  | 3,695 |

Table 3. Shipments, Production, and Stocks of Glass Containers by End Use: 2003 [Quantity in thousands of gross]
Product

code $\quad$ Product description \begin{tabular}{c}
Number of <br>
production <br>
companies

$\quad$ Shipments $\quad$ Production 

Stocks, <br>
end-of- <br>
month $1 /$
\end{tabular}

## August 2003

$\qquad$ 11


4

## 3272130035

3272130045
3272130055
3272130065

3272130075
3272130081

Total 2/.
11

| 20,629 | 19,507 | 37,508 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 4,374 | 3,856 | 9,763 |
| 1,721 | 1,341 | 4,441 |
| 11,454 | 11,188 | 13,759 |
| 669 | 724 | 1,967 |
|  |  |  |
| 632 | 609 | 1,066 |
| 1,013 |  | 1,135 |
| 766 | r/ | 654 |$\quad$ r/ $\quad 3,485$

October 2003

Total 2/
11

| 20,991 | 21,387 | 37,473 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 4,730 | 3,846 | 8,818 |
| 1,528 | 2,135 | 5,014 |
| 11,519 | 12,099 | 14,076 |
| 767 | 748 | 1,939 |
|  |  |  |
| 603 | 676 | 1,156 |
| 1,021 |  | 1,191 |
| 823 | r/ | 692 |

Total 2/ $\qquad$
3272130015
3272130035
3272130045
3272130055
3272130065
3272130075
3272130081
Food 3/
Beverages 4/
Beer.
Liquor
...............................
Ready-to-drink alcoholic coolers and cocktails
Wine
Other 5/.
$\qquad$
3272130081

## November 2003

11
Food 3/.
Beverages 4/.
Beer.
Liquor $\qquad$
Ready-to-drink alcoholic coolers and cocktails. $\qquad$
Wine.
Other 5/

17,786
19,714
38,941

| 3,458 | 3,938 | 9,122 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1,203 | 1,449 | 5,245 |
| 10,259 | 11,185 | 14,786 |
| 647 | 550 | 1,836 |
|  |  |  |
| 497 | 676 | 1,340 |
| 965 |  | 1,221 |
| 757 | $\mathrm{r} /$ | 695 |
|  |  | $\mathrm{r} /$ |
|  |  | 3,350 |

Table 3. Shipments, Production, and Stocks of Glass Containers by End Use: 2003 [Quantity in thousands of gross]
Product

code Product description \begin{tabular}{c}
Number of <br>
production <br>
companies

$\quad$ Shipments $\quad$ Production 

Stocks, <br>
end-of- <br>
month 1/
\end{tabular}

December 2003


NA Not available. r/Revised by 5 percent or more from previously published data. X Not applicable.

1/Data are limited to stocks at manufacturing establishments. Prior month end-of-month stocks plus current month production minus current month shipments may not equal current month end-of-month stocks due to breakage, stock adjustments, and resales.

2/Includes exports.
3/Data for "Narrow neck" and "Wide mouth" food containers were combined into a single "Food" container line.

4/Data for "Carbonated" and "Noncarbonated" beverage containers were combined into a single "Beverage" container line.

5/Includes containers for chemical, cosmetic, health, household, industrial, medicinal, and toiletry products.

Note: One thousand gross $=144,000$. The unit of measure for shipments, production, and stocks is thousands of gross.

Table 4. Shipments, Production, and Stocks of Glass Containers by End Use: 2002 [Quantity in thousands of gross]
Product

code $\quad$ Product description $\quad$\begin{tabular}{c}
Number of <br>
production <br>
companies

$\quad$ Shipments $\quad$

Stocks, <br>
end-of-
\end{tabular}

## Total 2002

|  | Total 2/............ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3272130015 | Food 3/. |
| 3272130035 | Beverages 4/. |
| 3272130045 | Beer.. |
| 3272130055 | Liquor.. |
| 3272130065 | Ready-to-drink alcoholic coolers and cocktails.... |
| 3272130075 | Wine.. |
| 3272130081 | Other 5/. |

(NA)
(NA)
(NA)
(NA)
(NA)
245,310
248,514

49,129
22,129
131,362
7,916

14,352
12,753
10,873
(X)
(X)
(X)

## January 2002

3272130015
3272130035
3272130045
3272130055
3272130065

3272130075
3272130081

February 2002

Total 2/
11
18,87
19,573
34,193

| 3,677 | 3,976 | 9,014 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1,763 | 1,447 | 3,966 |
| 10,214 | 10,615 | 10,782 |
| 586 | 795 | 2,260 |
|  |  |  |
| 801 | 904 | 1,182 |
| 904 | 1,039 | 3,507 |
| 929 | 797 | 3,482 |

929

March 2002
Total 2/
11

3272130015
3272130035
3272130045
3272130055
3272130065

3272130075
3272130081

Food 3/.
Beverages 4/
Beer.
Liquor
.......................
Ready-to-drink alcoholic coolers and cocktails. $\qquad$
Wine
Other 5/

21,144

3,81
2,213
10,973
676

1,564 944 963

21,146

| 4,231 | 11,084 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 1,466 | 3,708 |
| 10,540 | 11,361 |
| 825 | 2,780 |
|  |  |
| 1,979 | 1,409 |
| 1,167 | 4,264 |
| 938 | 3,593 |

Table 4. Shipments, Production, and Stocks of Glass Containers by End Use: 2002 [Quantity in thousands of gross]
Product

code $\quad$\begin{tabular}{c}
Number of <br>
production <br>
companies

$\quad$ Shipments $\quad$

Stocks, <br>
end-of-
\end{tabular}

|  | April 2002 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total 2/.................... | 11 | 21,739 | 20,800 | 33,006 |
| 3272130015 | Food 3/.............................. | 5 | 4,007 | 4,173 | 9,240 |
| 3272130035 | Beverages 4/........................ | 3 | 2,565 | 1,774 | 3,143 |
| 3272130045 | Beer.. | 5 | 10,996 | 10,312 | 9,704 |
| 3272130055 | Liquor.. | 4 | 655 | 618 | 2,113 |
| 3272130065 | Ready-to-drink alcoholic coolers and cocktails. | 4 | 1,487 | 1,895 | 1,497 |
| 3272130075 | Wine.. | 4 | 1,065 | 1,208 | 3,777 |
| 3272130081 | Other 5/............................ | 6 | 964 | 820 | 3,532 |
|  | May 2002 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total 2/.................... | 11 | 22,372 | 22,010 | 32,087 |
| 3272130015 | Food 3/.............................. | 5 | 3,892 | 4,282 | 9,375 |
| 3272130035 | Beverages 4/........................ | 3 | 2,305 | 2,024 | 2,775 |
| 3272130045 | Beer.................................... | 5 | 11,631 | 11,168 | 9,069 |
| 3272130055 | Liquor................................. | 4 | 658 | 650 | 2,046 |
| 3272130065 | Ready-to-drink alcoholic coolers and cocktails. | 4 | 1,815 | 1,703 | 1,410 |
| 3272130075 | Wine................................... | 4 | 1,139 | 1,058 | 3,762 |
| 3272130081 | Other 5/.............................. | 6 | 932 | 1,125 | 3,650 |

June 2002

|  | Total 2/..................... | 11 | 21,449 | 20,928 | 30,952 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3272130015 | Food 3/............................... | 5 | 3,841 | 4,059 | 9,243 |
| 3272130035 | Beverages 4/. | 3 | 2,446 | 1,994 | 2,539 |
| 3272130045 | Beer. | 5 | 11,168 | 10,802 | 8,408 |
| 3272130055 | Liquor. | 4 | 640 | 657 | 2,021 |
| 3272130065 | Ready-to-drink alcoholic coolers and cocktails.. | 4 | 1,421 | 1,509 | 1,460 |
| 3272130075 | Wine. | 4 | 1,012 | 982 | 3,721 |
| 3272130081 | Other 5/.............................. | 6 | 921 | 925 | 3,560 |
|  | July 2002 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total 2/.................... | 11 | 22,169 | 21,926 | 31,040 |
| 3272130015 | Food 3/.. | 5 | 3,944 | 4,223 | 9,277 |
| 3272130035 | Beverages 4/........................ | 3 | 2,704 | 2,321 | 2,555 |
| 3272130045 | Beer.... | 5 | 11,691 | 11,653 | 8,580 |
| 3272130055 | Liquor................................. | 4 | 578 | 638 | 1,999 |
| 3272130065 | Ready-to-drink alcoholic coolers and cocktails........... | 4 | 1,286 | 1,112 | 1,394 |
| 3272130075 | Wine... | 4 | 1,089 | 1,073 | 3,695 |
| 3272130081 | Other 5/.............................. | 6 | 877 | 906 | 3,540 |

Table 4. Shipments, Production, and Stocks of Glass Containers by End Use: 2002 [Quantity in thousands of gross]
Product

code $\quad$ Product description $\quad$\begin{tabular}{c}
Number of <br>
production <br>
companies

$\quad$ Shipments $\quad$

Stocks, <br>
end-of-
\end{tabular}

|  | August 2002 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total 2/.................... | 11 | 21,637 | 21,606 | 30,388 |
| 3272130015 | Food 3/.............................. | 5 | 4,255 | 4,138 | 8,967 |
| 3272130035 | Beverages 4/.. | 3 | 2,294 | 2,218 | 2,623 |
| 3272130045 | Beer. | 5 | 11,171 | 11,389 | 8,339 |
| 3272130055 | Liquor................................. | 4 | 688 | 684 | 1,957 |
| 3272130065 | Ready-to-drink alcoholic coolers and cocktails. | 4 | 1,163 | 1,059 | 1,316 |
| 3272130075 | Wine................................... | 4 | 1,195 | 1,116 | 3,609 |
| 3272130081 | Other 5/.............................. | 6 | 871 | 1,002 | 3,577 |

September 2002

|  | Total 2/.................... |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3272130015 | Food 3/... |
| 3272130035 | Beverages 4/........................ |
| 3272130045 | Beer.. |
| 3272130055 | Liquor.. |
| 3272130065 | Ready-to-drink alcoholic coolers and cocktails |
| 3272130075 | Wine.. |
| 3272130081 | Other 5/.............................. |

Total 2/.......................
3272130015
3272130035
3272130045
3272130055
3272130065
3272130075
3272130081

3272130015
3272130035
3272130045
3272130055
3272130065
3272130075
3272130081

Food 3/
Beverages 4/
Beer.
Liquor.
...............................
Ready-to-drink alcoholic coolers and cocktails Wine Other 5/
$\qquad$

November 2002
Total 2/ $\qquad$
Food 3/.
Beverages 4/.
Beer.
$\qquad$
Liquor
................................ 5
Ready-to-drink alcoholic coolers and cocktails. $\qquad$
Wine.
Other 5/

11
20,396
4,62
1,46
10,899
738
775
1,060 837
4
6
5
5
3
5
4
4

18,13
3,4
1,4
10,2
625
657
930
793

21,434

| 4,173 | 8,560 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 1,927 | 3,470 |
| 11,566 | 9,064 |
| 686 | 2,011 |
|  |  |
| 1,017 | 1,573 |
| 1,094 | 3,531 |
| 971 | 3,517 |

21,023
34,533

| 4,212 | 9,504 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 1,769 | 3,776 |
| 11,654 | 10,348 |
| 594 | 1,957 |
|  |  |
| 746 | 1,719 |
| 1,125 | 3,680 |
| 923 | 3,549 |

Table 4. Shipments, Production, and Stocks of Glass Containers by End Use: 2002
[Quantity in thousands of gross]
Product

code $\quad$ Product description \begin{tabular}{c}
Number of <br>
production <br>
companies

 Shipments $\quad$ Production 

Stocks, <br>
end-of- <br>
month $1 /$
\end{tabular}

December 2002

|  | Total 2/.... | 11 | 17,534 | 17,290 | 34,313 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3272130015 | Food 3/. | 5 | 3,817 | 3,484 | 9,042 |
| 3272130035 | Beverages 4/.. | 3 | 1,318 | 1,553 | 4,107 |
| 3272130045 | Beer.. | 5 | 9,471 | 9,523 | 10,703 |
| 3272130055 | Liquor. | 4 | 560 | 510 | 2,185 |
| 3272130065 | Ready-to-drink alcoholic coolers and cocktails. | 4 | 782 | 613 | 1,478 |
| 3272130075 | Wine.................................... | 4 | 770 | 801 | 3,362 |
| 3272130081 | Other 5/.............................. | 6 | 816 | 806 | 3,436 |

NA Not available. X Not applicable.
1/Data are limited to stocks at manufacturing establishments. Prior month end-of-month stocks plus current month production minus current month shipments may not equal current month end-of-month stocks due to breakage, stock adjustments, and resales.

2/Includes exports.
3/Data for "Narrow neck" and "Wide mouth" food containers were combined into a single "Food" container line.

4/Data for "Carbonated" and "Noncarbonated" beverage containers were combined into a single "Beverage" container line.

5/Includes containers for chemical, cosmetic, health, household, industrial, medicinal, and toiletry products.

Note: One thousand gross $=144,000$. The unit of measure for shipments, production, and stocks is thousands of gross.

Table 5. Shipments, Exports, Imports, and Apparent Consumption of Glass Containers: 2003 and 2002 [Thousands of gross]

| Year and month | Manufacturers' shipments | Exports of domestic merchandise | Percent exports to manufacturers' shipments | Imports for consumption | Apparent consumption l/ | Percent imports to apparent consumption |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## 2003

| Total.................. | 238,400 | 9,077 | 3.8 | 30,948 | 260,271 | 11.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| December. | 17,766 | 637 | 3.6 | 2,023 | 19,152 | 10.6 |
| November. | 17,786 | 680 | 3.8 | 2,055 | 19,161 | 10.7 |
| October.. | 20,991 | 727 | 3.5 | 2,411 | 22,675 | 10.6 |
| September. | 20,629 | 732 | 3.5 | 2,440 | 22,337 | 10.9 |
| August.. | 20,919 | 776 | 3.7 | 2,475 | 22,618 | 10.9 |
| July.............................. | 21,554 | 798 | 3.7 | 3,074 | 23,830 | 12.9 |
| June.. | 21,229 | 916 | 4.3 | 2,715 | 23,028 | 11.8 |
| May... | 21,374 | 964 | 4.5 | 2,768 | 23,178 | 11.9 |
| April............................. | 20,487 | 868 | 4.2 | 3,029 | 22,648 | 13.4 |
| March. | 19,191 | 782 | 4.1 | 2,846 | 21,255 | 13.4 |
| February....................... | 17,794 | 673 | 3.8 | 2,278 | 19,399 | 11.7 |
| January......................... | 18,680 | 524 | 2.8 | 2,834 | 20,990 | 13.5 |

## 2002

| Total.................. | 245,310 | 9,914 | 4.0 | 32,106 | 267,502 | 12.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| December..................... | 17,534 | 510 | 2.9 | 2,232 | 19,256 | 11.6 |
| November..................... | 18,133 | 681 | 3.8 | 2,524 | 19,976 | 12.6 |
| October.. | 20,396 | 780 | 3.8 | 2,796 | 22,412 | 12.5 |
| September..................... | 19,333 | 696 | 3.6 | 2,819 | 21,456 | 13.1 |
| August......................... | 21,637 | 901 | 4.2 | 3,109 | 23,845 | 13.0 |
| July.............................. | 22,169 | 855 | 3.9 | 3,098 | 24,412 | 12.7 |
| June............................. | 21,449 | 799 | 3.7 | 2,867 | 23,517 | 12.2 |
| May.............................. | 22,372 | 1,155 | 5.2 | 2,921 | 24,138 | 12.1 |
| April............................. | 21,739 | 875 | 4.0 | 2,655 | 23,519 | 11.3 |
| March. | 21,144 | 1,010 | 4.8 | 2,379 | 22,513 | 10.6 |
| February... | 18,874 | 810 | 4.3 | 2,285 | 20,349 | 11.2 |
| January........................ | 20,530 | 842 | 4.1 | 2,421 | 22,109 | 11.0 |

l/Apparent consumption is equal to manufacturers' shipments plus imports minus exports.
Note: One thousand gross $=144,000$. Schedule B export codes and HTSUSA import codes are listed in Table 6.

Table 6. Schedule B Export Codes and HTSUSA Import Codes: 2003

Export code 1/
7010.10.0000
7010.90 .0510
7010.90.0520
7010.90.0530
7010.90.0540
7010.90.2010
7010.90.2020
7010.90.2030
7010.90 .2040
7010.90 .3010
7010.90.3020
7010.90 .3030
7010.90 .3040
7010.90.5005
7010.90.5009
7010.90 .5027
7010.90 .5037
7010.90 .5047
7010.90 .5057
7010.90.5060

Import code 2/
7010.10.0000
7010.90.0510
7010.90.0520
7010.90.0530
7010.90 .0540
7010.90.2010
7010.90.2020
7010.90.2030
7010.90 .2040
7010.90 .3010
7010.90 .3020
7010.90 .3030
7010.90 .3040
7010.90 .5005
7010.90 .5009
7010.90 .5015
7010.90 .5019
7010.90.5025
7010.90 .5029
7010.90.5035
7010.90 .5039
7010.90.5045
7010.90 .5049
7010.90.5055

1/Source: 2003 edition, Harmonized System-based Schedule B, Statistical Classification of Domestic and Foreign Commodities Exported from the United States.

2/Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, Annotated (2003).

General CIR Survey Information, Explanation of General Terms and Historical Note

## GENERAL

The CIR program has been providing monthly, quarterly, and annual measures of industrial activity for many years. Since 1904, with its cotton and fats and oils surveys, the CIR program has formed an essential part of an integrated statistical system involving the quinquennial economic census, manufacturing sector, and the annual survey of manufactures. The CIR surveys, however, provide current statistics at a more detailed product level than either of the other two statistical programs.

The primary objective of the CIR program is to produce timely, accurate data on production and shipments of selected products. The data are used to satisfy economic policy needs and for market analysis, forecasting, and decision making in the private sector. The product- level data generated by these surveys are used extensively by individual firms, trade associations, and market analysts in planning or recommending marketing and legislative strategies, particularly if their industry is significantly affected by foreign trade. Although production and shipments information are the two most common data items collected, the CIR program collects other measures also such as inventories, orders, and consumption. These surveys measure manufacturing activity in important commodity areas such as textiles and apparel, chemicals, primary metals, computer and electronic components, industrial equipment, aerospace equipment, and consumer goods.

The CIR program uses a unified data collection, processing, and publication system. The U.S. Census Bureau updates the survey panels for most reports annually and reconciles the estimates to the results of the broader- based annual survey of manufactures and the economic census, manufacturing sector. The manufacturing sector provides a complete list of all producers of the products covered by the CIR program and serves as the primary source for CIR sampling. Where a small number of producers exist, CIR surveys cover all known producers of a product. However, when the number of producers is too large, cutoff and random sampling techniques are used. Surveys are continually reviewed and modified to provide the most up- to- date information on products produced. The CIR program includes a group of mandatory and voluntary surveys. Typically the monthly and quarterly surveys are conducted on a voluntary basis. Those companies that choose not to respond to the voluntary surveys are required to submit a mandatory annual counterpart corresponding to the more frequent survey.

## NORTH AMERICAN INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (NAICS), 1997

The adoption of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) in the 1997 Economic Census has had a major impact on the comparability of current and historic data. Approximately half of the industries in the manufacturing sector of NAICS do not have comparable industries in the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system that was used in the past.

While most of the change affecting the manufacturing sector was change within the sector, some industries left manufacturing and others came into manufacturing. Prominent among those that left manufacturing are logging and portions of publishing. Prominent among the industries that came into the manufacturing sector are bakeries, candy stores where candy is made on the premises, custom tailors, makers of custom draperies, and tire retreading. The net effect of the classification changes are such that if the 1997 value of shipments data for all manufacturers were tabulated on an SIC basis, it would be approximately 3 percent higher.

Listed below are the NAICS sectors:
21 Mining
22 Utilities
23 Construction
31-33 Manufacturing
42 Wholesale Trade
44-45 Retail Trade
48-49 Transportation and Warehousing
51 Information
52 Finance and Insurance
53 Real Estate and Rental and Leasing
54 Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services
55 Management of Companies and Enterprises
56 Administrative and Support and Waste Management
and Remediation Services
61 Educational Services
62 Health Care and Social Assistance
71 Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation
72 Accommodation and Food Services
81 Other Services (except Public Administration)
(Not listed above are the Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting sector (NAICS 11), partially covered by the census of agriculture conducted by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, and the Public Administration sector (NAICS 92), covered by the census of governments conducted by the Census Bureau.)

The 20 NAICS sectors are subdivided into 96 subsectors (three- digit codes), 313 industry groups (four- digit codes), and, as implemented in the United States, 1170 industries (five- and six-digit codes).

## FUNDING

The Census Bureau funds most of the surveys. However, a number of surveys are paid for either fully or partially by other Federal Government agencies or private trade associations. A few surveys are mandated, but all are authorized by Title 13 of the United States Code.

## RELIABILITY OF DATA

Survey error may result from several sources including the inability to obtain information about all cases in the survey, response errors, definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, mistakes in recording or coding the reported data, and other errors of collection, response, coverage, and estimation. These nonsampling errors also occur in complete censuses. Although no direct measurement of the biases due to these nonsampling errors has been obtained, precautionary steps were taken in all phases of the collection, processing, and tabulation of the data in an effort to minimize their influence.

A major source of bias in the published estimates is the imputing of data for nonrespondents, for late reporters, and for data that fail logic edits. Missing figures are imputed based on period- to- period movements shown by reporting firms. A figure is considered to be an impute if the value was not directly reported on the questionnaire, directly derived from other reported items, directly available from supplemental sources, or obtained from the respondent during the analytical review phase. Imputation generally is limited to a maximum of 10 percent for any one data cell. Figures with imputation rates greater than 10 percent are suppressed or footnoted. The imputation rate is not an explicit indicator of the potential error in published figures due to nonresponse, because the actual yearly movements for nonrespondents may or may not closely agree with the imputed movements. The range of difference between the actual and imputed figures is assumed to be small. The degree of uncertainty regarding the accuracy of the published data increases as the percentage of imputation increases. Figures with imputation rates above 10 percent should be used with caution.

## DATA REVISIONS

Statistics for previous years may be revised as the result of corrected figures from respondents, late reports for which imputations were originally made, or other corrections. Data that have been revised by more than 5 percent from previously published data are indicated by footnotes.

## DISCLOSURE

The Census Bureau collects the CIR data under the authority of Title 13, United States Code, which specifies that the information can only be used for statistical purposes and cannot be published or released in any manner that would identify a person, household, or establishment. "D" indicates that data in the cell have been suppressed to avoid disclosure of information pertaining to individual companies.

## EXPLANATION OF GENERAL TERMS

Capacity. The maximum quantity of a product that can be produced in a plant in 1 day if operating for 24 hours. Includes the capacity of idle plants until the plant is reported to be destroyed, dismantled, or abandoned.

Consumption. Materials used in producing or processing a product or otherwise removing the product from the inventory.

Exports. Includes all types of products shipped to foreign countries, or to agents or exporters for reshipment to foreign countries.

Gross shipments. The quantity or value of physical shipments from domestic establishments of all products sold, transferred to other establishments of the same company, or shipped on consignment, whether for domestic or export sale or use. Shipments of products purchased for resale are omitted. Shipments of products made under toll arrangements are included.

Interplant transfers. Shipments to other domestic plants within a company for further assembly, fabrication, or manufacture.

Inventories. The quantity or value of finished goods, work in progress, and materials on hand.

Machinery in place. The number of machines of a particular type in place as of a particular date whether the machinery was used for production, prototype, or sampling, or was idle. Machinery in place includes all machinery set up in operating positions.

Net receipts. Derived by subtracting the materials held at the end of the previous month from the sum of materials used during the current month.

Production. The total volume of products produced, including: products sold; products transferred or added to inventory after adjustments for breakage, shrinkage, and obsolescence, plus any other inventory adjustment; and products that undergo further manufacture at the same establishment.

Quantities produced and consumed. Quantities of each type of product produced by a company for internal consumption within that same company.

Quantity and value of new orders. The sales value of orders received during the current reporting period for products and services to be delivered immediately or at some future date. Also represents the net sales value of contract change documents that increase or decrease the sales value of the orders to which they are related, when the parties concerned are in substantial agreement as to the amount involved. Included as orders are only those that are supported by binding legal documents such as signed contracts or letter contracts.

Quantity and value of shipments. The figures on quantity and value of shipments represent physical shipments of all products sold, transferred to other establishments of the same company, or shipped on consignment, whether for domestic or export sale. The value represents the net sales price, f.o.b. plant, to the customer or branch to which the products are shipped, net of discounts, allowances, freight charges, and
returns. Shipments to a company's own branches are assigned the same value as comparable appropriate allocation of company overhead and profit. Products bought and resold without further manufacture are excluded.

Stocks. Total quantity of ending finished inventory.
Unfilled orders (backlog). Calculated by adding net new orders and subtracting net sales from the backlog at the end of the preceding year.

## HISTORICAL NOTE

Data on glass containers have been collected by the Census Bureau since 1945. Historical data may be obtained from Current Industrial Reports (called Facts for Industry before 1959) available at your local Federal Depository Library.

