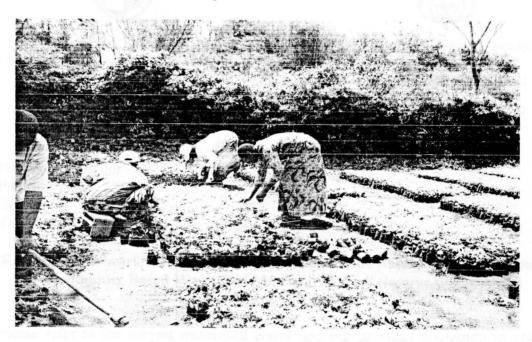
APPENDICES;

APPENDIX I

Picture for Activities performed by DITEC in 2006 - Rombo district



Tree nursery in Mokala village – Rombo District

APPENDIX II



The Open University of Tanzania University

P.O. Box 23409

Dar es Salaam, Tanzania



Southern New Hampshire

2500 North River Road Manchester, NH 03106

23/12/2005

Project coordinator - DITEC P.O.Box 2 Rombo Tanzania

Ref.Request to work with DITEC Organization on the Research of Assessment for Community Based Watershed Management in Kelamfuamokala ward Rombo District - Tanzania

Please refer to the subject mentioned above and our previous discussion in your office.

I'm a student in the Open University of Tanzania (OUT) and the Southern New Hampshire University – USA undertaking MSc in Community Economic Development. As the condition stipulated by the Universities i am supposed to carry out a research studies as a necessary condition so as to fulfill the need of the course before completion.

With this respect i am then requesting your reputable organization to allow me to carry my research study on Assessments of Community Based Watershed Management in Kelamfuamokala ward in Rombo District – Tanzania .This study will take one and half year that is from January 1st. 2006 to June 30th 2007

I will be very happy if my request will be accepted and approved by your organization so that we can work together in the field of watershed managent

With all regards

Adil E.Mwanga |
Open University of Tanzania (OUT) and
Southern New Hampshire University (SNHU)

APPENDIX III DEVELOPMENT INVESTORS THROUGH ENVIRONMENT CONSERVATION (DITEC).

TANZANIA.

P.O.Box 2 Fax:+255272758929

Email;ditectanzania@yahoo.com

Website; http/www.ditectz.itgo.com

Rombo 30/12/2005

Adil E.Mwanga P.O.Box 52 Rombo Tanzania

Ref.Request to work with DITEC Organization on the Research of Assessment for Community Based Watershed Management in Kelamfuamokala ward Rombo District Tanzania

Please refer to the head mentioned above

I have received your later with the same title as mentioned above and reference number .AEM/CED/GF.VOL 1/.47 of December 30th 2005.

DITEC in its Management Meeting on December 28^{th.} 2005 has agreed and approved your request of carrying a research study on Assessment for Community Based Watershed Management in Kelamfuamokala ward – in Rombo District under the host of DITEC organization.

You have been approved to start your research effectively from January 1st. 2006 to June 30th.2007 as you had requested.

You're sincerely

Joseph Chezue
DITEC - Project Coordinator

APPENDIX IV

DEVELOPMENT INVESTORS THROUGH ENVIRONMENT CONSERVATION (DITEC).

TANZANIA.

ORGANIZATION CHART GENERAL ASSEMBLY - GA PROGRAM COORDINATOR - PC SECRETARIAT ENVIRONMENTAL GERVERNANCE SECTION ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT SECTION

ENVIRONMENTAL LEGISTATION UNIT

ENVIRONMENTAL EXTENSION UNIT WATERSHED MANAGEMENT UNIT

AGRO-FOREST UNIT

APPENDIX.V

SN	N ACTIVITIES PROJI				PROJECT IMPLIMENTATION MONTH JAN 2006 TO MAY 2007									RESOURCE USED	PERSON RESPONSIBILITY					
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5		
1	Management logistics																			
	Confirmation of the acceptance of the research to the organization																		Stationeries	Program Coordinator and CED student
	Meeting with the organization members and staff																		Stationaries, Transpor t and funds	DITEC staff, Members and CED student
	Community need assessments/PRA																		Stationeries and transport	Staff and Communities
	Compilation of DATA for CNA																		Stationeries	Program Coordinator and CED student
	District/Villages/Schools/Groups/Institutions Meeting and seminars about the project																		Stationaries, transport, technicians and funds	DITEC staff and communities
2	Tree nurseries						<u> </u>	T												
	Training on nursery technique																		Stationeries	DITEC`Staff
	Procurement and collections of nursery equipments																		Equipments and funds	DITEC staff and Communities
	Sawing of tree seed																		Equipments	Communities
	Transplanting and raising of tree seed			Г															Equipments	Communities
3	On farm forest/Agroforest																			
	Field research about the project																		Technician, transport and funds	CED students DIEC program Coordinator
	Villages/Schools/Groups meetings and trainings & extensions																		Stationaries,transport and funds	DITEC staff and Communities

	On farm tree nurseries				Equipments	Communities
	Tree planting in farm lands				Transport	Communities
4	Rehabilitation of watersource areas					
	Villages/Groups seminars and trainings				Stationaries, bronchur es, transport and funds	DITEC staff,CED student and Communities
	Agreement on watersource boundaries				Transport	CED students, Program coordinators and Communities
	Fixing of watersource boundaries				Transport and beacons	CED students, Program coordinators and Communities
	Tree/grass planting & rehabilitation of watersource boundaries				Transport and equipments	CED students, Program coordinators and Communities
5	Project Administration coordination				Stationaries,transport and computers	Program Coordinators and CED student
6	Project Monitoring				Stationeries and transport	DITEC staff,CED students and Communities
7	Project Evaluation				Stationeries and transport	CED students, Program coordinators and Communities
8	Compilation and submission of project document				Stationeries and transport	CED student

APPENDIX. VI DEVELOPED LOGICAL FRAMEWORK FOR DITEC

		OGICAL FRAME		
	INTERVESIO	VERIFIABLE	SOURCE	ASSUMPTION
	N LOGIC	INDICATOR	OF	
			VERIFICAT	
			ION	
OVERALL	1. To promote	-To raise	Progress	Villagers to attend
OBJECTIVE	awareness	number of tree	report from	the planned
	among people	planting from	the VEOs	seminars and
	through	120,000 per year	(Village	participate in the
	activities such as	in 2005 to	Executive	implementation of
	watershed	150,000 per year	Officers)	the project
	management,	in 2010	Report from	activities.
	agroforest, tree	-Increase	DITEC staff.	
	planting and	number of		
	environmental	contour bands		
	sanitation	for soil erosion		
	programmes	control from		
	which contribute	ł .		
	to the	2006 to		
	maintenance and	2,700,000 in		
	balance the	2010		
	environment and	-Raise		
	community	Environmental		
	development.	awareness by		
	development.	sensitizing		
		community in		
		27 villages.		
DDOIECT	DITEC in		Dantiainatana	Complete Complete
PROJECT	1	About 121,000	- Participatory	Supply of inputs
PURPOSE	collaboration	people in in	Rural	assured.
	with other	1 0	Appraisal	
	stakeholders in	involved in	(PRA)	
	creating	these activities	-Field visits	
	environmental	up to 2010.	- Reports	
	awareness to the	1	_	
	community	households to	leaders.	
	through	practice agro		
	improving	forest and land		
	environmental	use management		
	and Agro forest	1 *		
	activities in			
	order to balance			
	ecosystem and	planning by		

	improve the life	2010.		-
	standard of the	2010.		
	people.			
OUTPUT	Tree Nurseries			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1	and Tree	About 15,000	Report from	Timely supply of
	planting	households	village	inputs assured.
	- Establishing 19	sensitized on	villages	-
	private tree	tree nurseries	extension	
	nurseries and 5	and tree planting	workers	
	village tree	by 2010.	- Village	
	nurseries	- Seminars in 27	council	
	-Establishing 30	villages		
,	primary school			
	nurseries			
	- Provide			
	seminars in 27			
	villages			
	T			
	Inputs			
	- Transport - Tree seed			
	- Stationeries			
	-Stationeries			
	allowances to 5			
	Facilitators			
	-Bites/			
	refreshments to			
	300 villages			
	Agroforest			
OUTPUT 2	,water source			
	rehabilitation	About 200,000	- Field visit	- Supply of inputs
	and Land use	l .	- Reports	assured
	plan	sensitized on	from village	- Enough rainfall
	-Sensitization of	1 -	leaders	
	the community	1		
	on contour bands	2010.		·
	making.	-Established		
	- Establishment	1 -		
	of land use plan	27 villages by		
	in 27 villages - Establishment	2010		
L	of nurseries at			

11_1 1 1	T A TOTAL TO	
household level.		
- Tree planting	Rehabilitation of	
day.	49 ha in	
Inputs.	watershed	
- Transport hi	management	
- Stationeries.	areas by 2010.	
- Bites /	- 3motorcycles	
Refreshments	purchased and	
- Seeds,	distributed to	
polythene tube.	extension staff	
-Spirit level for	by 2010	
contour bands	•	
making		
-Allowances to 5		
Facilitator		
-Purchase of 3		
motorcycle		

APPENDIX VII

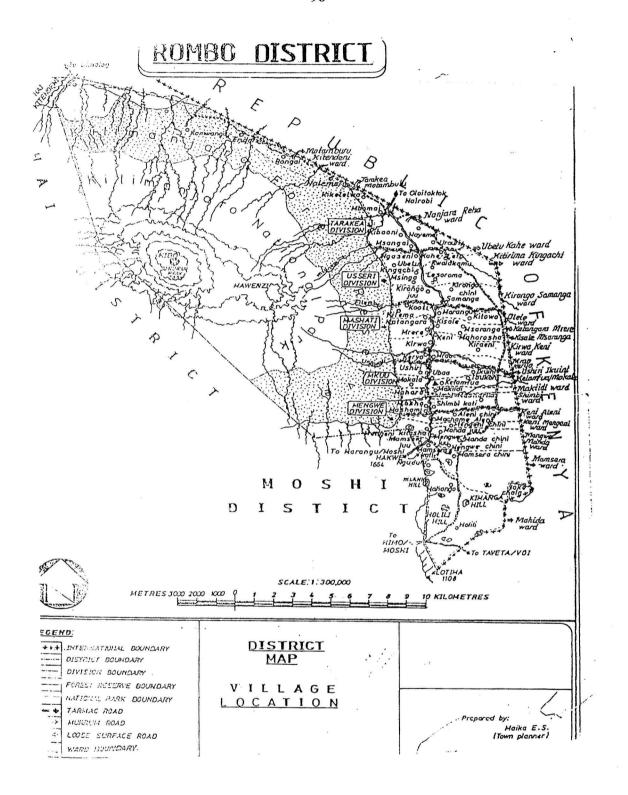
DITEC - STAFF JOB DESCRIPTION

SN	JOB TITTLE	JOB DES	SCRIPTION
1	Program Coordinator	i.	Planner of all project activities
		ii.	Plan for monitoring and evaluation
			of the projects
		iii.	Preparation of all organization report
2	Project Secretary	i.	Perform secretarial work of the
	•		project
3	Environmental Governance - Section	i.	Practice capacity building related to
	Head.		environmental laws and legislation to
			the community
		ii.	Advice on the villages by laws on
			environment
		iii.	Conduct seminars and workshop on
			the Governance and environment in
			the villages, ward and district level
3.1	Environmental extension - Unit	i.	Perform extension work of the
			organization
4	Environmental Management – Section	i.	Perform environmental management
	Head		work of the project
4.1	Watershed Management – Unit Head	i.	Plan the management of watershed
			areas
		ii.	Conduct seminars at the
			villages,ward,district level
		iii.	Prepare reports of the unit
		iv.	Liaison officer with other
1 2	A C L L L L L L L	i.	organizations
4.2	Agro forest – Unit Head	1.	Perform all agro forest work of the
5	CED - Student	i.	project
3	CED - Student	1.	Attached to watershed management unit
		ii.	Perform a research work
		iii.	Plan and execution of watershed
		111.	management work
		iv.	Liaison officer with other research
		iv.	institution
			monunon

APENDIX. VIII.Percentage distribution of population by board age group: Rombo district 2005

Range of age		Number		Perce	ntage
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Male	Female
0-4	36760	18523	18237	50	50
5-9	40749	20662	20087	51	49
10-14	40228	20167	20061	50	20
15-19	21544	10292	11252	48	52
20-24	14015	5656	8359	40	60
25-29	13659	5570	8089	41	59
30-34	13770	5924	7846	43	57
35-39	11998	5278	6720	44	56
40-44	10387	4711	5676	45	55
45-49	8784	3959	4825	45	55
50-54	7623	3588	4035	47	53
55-59	4861	2263	2598	47	53
60-64	2505	2418	2787	46	54
65-69	4065	1895	2170	47	53
70-74	4086	1807	2279	44	56
75-79	2787	1371	1416	49	51
80	5195	2254	2941	43	57
TOTAL	245,716	116,338	129,378	47	53

Source: Tanzania Population and Housing Census (2002)



QUESTIONAIRE FORM.

1. Basic information	
1. Name of enumerator	
2. Gender Male □Female □	
2. Date	
3. VillageWard	Division
4. (a) Name of FarmerSex	Age
(b) Marital Status I. Single	
II.Maried □	
(c) Education	
I. Informal	
II.Adult Education	
III.Primary Education	
IV.Secondary Education	
V.Other specify	
(d) How many people are in your Ho	usehold? (Number)

2. Watershed managem	ent pract	tices					
I. What is the method used	to own la	and in the villages					
a) Communal							
b) Private							
c) Clan							
d) Others specify							
II.Are there participatory I	and Use I	Plan established in the villages					
Yes 🗆							
No 🗆							
III.Are there water source areas in your village?							
Yes							
No							
IV. How many water source	ce areas ex	xisting in your villages, Specify					
numbers							
V. What is the status of wa	ter availal	bility in the village					
Good	<u> </u>						
Fair							
Not	Good						

VI. What is the status of water sou	rce areas					
Good						
Fair						
Not Good						
VII.What was the status of water	availability	in 10 years past				
Good						
Fair						
Not good						
VIII. What was the Status of water source areas in last 10 years						
Good	П					
Fair						
Not good						
IX.If the availability of water curr	rently is no	t good what is the reason?				
	•••••					
	•••••••					
X.Are you satisfied with the villa	ge effort of	water source management				
	ige effort of	f water source management				

XI. (a) If not satisfied with the effort of	of water source r	nanagement give your reason
Lack of	extension servic	es 🗆
Lack of	knowledge	0
Lack of	environment cor	nmittee□
(b)Are there any impacts of mism	anagement of w	ater source areas in your
village		
For last 5 years	•••••	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
(c) Are there necessity of establishing	g land use mana	gement plan in you're village?
Yes		
No		
XII.Are there any organization work	to improve wate	rshed management in your
village		
Yes		
No		

XIII.Can you suggest an approach of extension services to any o	rganization which
is interested to practice good watershed management practice in	your village.
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	•••••
XIV.Do you have an interest of contributions towards effort of v	vatershed
management in your village.	
	•••••
3. Measures to reduce watershed mismanagement practices.	
XV. What type of contribution you think you can give	
Participate in any established project	
Financial contribution	
Labour contribution	
XVI. What measure do you think can be taken to reduce the prob	olem of improper
watershed management in your village.	
Proper enforcement of by laws and principle legislation laws	
Proper sensitization of community on watershed management	
Government to work hard on improving watershed areas	

4. Specific activities to be undertaken

point□

XVII. What specific activities can you suggest to be undertaken in your village on improving watershed management practices. I. Tree planting in the water source areas II. Grass planting III. Establishment of watershed boundaries IV.Establishing watershed management team V.Amendment of existing by laws VI.Prohibit grazing VII.Prohibit cutting of grass VIII.Prohibit collection of wood IX.Reducing of eucalyptus and other harmful tree species in water source

IX. Reducing of eucalyptus and other harmful tree species in water source point \Box

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OPEN UNIVERSITY OF TANZANIA

SOUTHERN NEW HAMSHIRE UNIVERSITY

ASSESSMENT OF A COMMUNITY
BASEDWATERSHED MANAGEMENT PROJECT A
CASE STUTDY IN KELAMFUA MOKALA WARD
IN ROMBO DISTRICT - TANZANIA

PRESENTATION 2007

ASSESSMENT OF A COMMUNITY BASED WATERSHED MANAGEMENT PROJECT IN KELAMFUAMOKALA WARD IN ROMBO DISTRICT - TANZANIA

BY ADIL E.MWANGA – MSC CED ID# ;0618696

LOCATION – ROMBO DISTRICT KILIMANJARO REGION – TANZANIA

YEAR - 2007

TAMINE OF ORGANISATION

HOST ORGANISATION:

DEVELOPMENT INVESTORS THROUGH ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

(DITEC)



Sponsors of the Research

DITEC - Development Investors Through Environment Conservation

RDC - Rombo District Council

GF - Jubilee Georg Fischer Foundation (Switzerland)

Introduction

The degradation of water sources and increasing water scarcity are the major threats to the welfare of community in Kelamfuamokala ward in Rombo Districts.

(DITEC) initiated project to facilitates sustainable watershed management.

Watershed Management is an iterative process of integrating decision-making regarding uses and modifications of lands and water within watershed areas

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED

POOR LAND MANAGEMENT PRACTICES IN THE UPPER WATERSHED AREAS OF MOUNT KILIMANJARO AND ITS AJACENT VILLAGES HAVE LEAD INTO ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION INCLUDING DECREASING WATER QUANTITY AND QUALITY IN KELAMFUAMOKALA WARD IN ROMBO DISTRICT

Overall Objective of the Research

The overall objectives of the study was to raise awareness of the community on the intergrated watershed management skills and conserving water source areas in Kelamfuamokala ward by the year 2010.

Research Questions To Be Answered

- ☐Causes of Poor watershed management practices
- ☐Impact of improper/poor watershed management practices
- ☐Measures to mitigate problem of Poor watershed management
- □Specific activities to be undertaken

Literature Review

1.THEORETICAL LITERATURE REVIEW

Watershed Management is an iterative process of integrated decision-making regarding uses and **modifications of lands and water** within watershed areas. Donald, S.R 197, Kowero, G.S. 1990 & Saleth, R. M. 1999.

THE EFECT OF MISMANAGEMENT OF WATERSHED AREAS

Literature Review Cont.

- increasingly of water shortage in rural and urban centers in Kilimanjaro region and other parties of the Tanzania country (Kulindwa, K. 2005).
- As a form of ecosystem management, watershed management encompasses the entire watershed system, from uplands and headwater, to floodplain wetlands and river channels, all these needs to be protected (Emerton, L. and Bos, E.2004).

Literature Review Cont.

EFFECT OF DEFFORESTATION ON WATERSHED MANAGEMENT

Deforestation Fire and overgrazing (Vudzijena, V.1998).

Groundwater Flow Recharge

Discharge is continuous, as long as sufficient water is present above the discharge point. Discharge points typically occur as seepage into wet-lands, lakes and streams. Springs are visible discharge points at the land surface

Literature Review Cont.

2. THE EMPIRICAL LITERATURE

Local Communities Participation in watershed management

The approaches of other watershed management projects

3. THE POLICY LITERATURE REVIEW

Literature Review Cont.

- Inadequate education and awareness on watershed management issues and watershed values
- Decision-making powers of communities in practicing of environmental protection issues and watershed management projects.

Methodology &Survey Design

The descriptive survey designed for this project was mainly done by collecting information's from the community through Paticiparory Rural Appraisal (PRA), interviewing the selected groups of individuals ,using desingned surveying questionnaires and observation methods.

Sample

- The survey population were selected randomly. In sample random sampling people were selected randomly by using random numbers, groups like primary school and other CBO,S were also selected for interview by using random sampling methods.
- 21 people were interviewed from each village in Kelamfuamokala ward in order of getting information concerning watershed management. Selected sample of 61 people were picked to represent 3 villages in Kelamfua Mokala ward.
- The total number of the population sample selected as 61 individuals represent 5% of the households. Among the respondents 68.9% were males and 31.1% females.

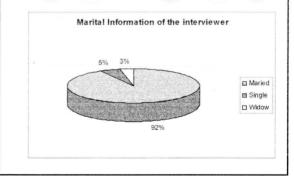
Analysis

- The information collected was analyzed using computerized data analysis system (SPSS package was used)
- In analyzing the data, tables, charts and statistical illustration were applied as appropriate.
- The data collected was both qualitative and quantitative descriptions in nature .

Results & Discussion

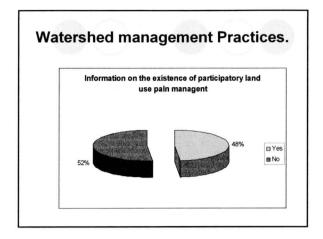
The total number of the population sample selected as 61 individuals were represented 5% of the households. Among the respondents 31.1% were female and 68.9 % female.

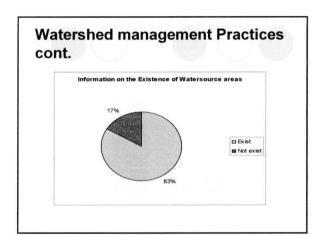
Basic Information -Marital status.

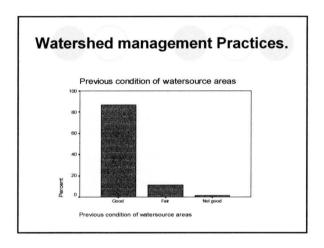


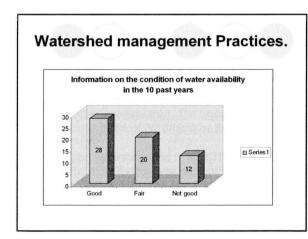
Basic Information- Education

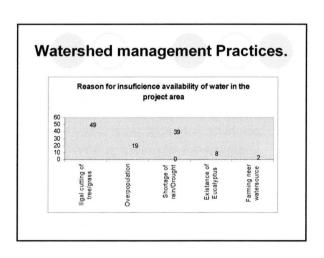
- Education background of the respondents, out of 61 .51(84%) primary school,5(8%) have adult education,4 (7%) secondary schools while only 1(1%) college education
- People with higher education have a high spirit of community economic development contribution compared to people with low standard of education.











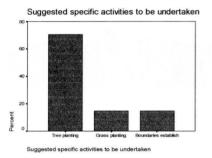
Mitigate the problem of watershed management

49 respondents rank sensitization/awareness raising in the community as the first measure to be undertaken by the project in order to reduce the problem, while 35 respondents rank enforcement of principles legislation laws and by laws as the second measure to be instituted

Community contribution

The result indicates that 42 respondents were interested on labour contribution, 15 were interested on just participation and 3 were interested in giving financial contribution.

Suggested project activities



Implementation

- Rehabilitation of 11 watersouce areas
- Fixed permanent boundaries for 5 watersource /streams
- 7 Private/Individuals tree nurseries
- 13,245 Tree seedlings planted in watersource areas
- Training/establishment of participatory land use management plan for 1 village and capacity building on watershed management skills(17 Meeting/Seminars).

Monitoring & Evaluation

- This was done through assessments forms, evaluation checklist, visit and involvement of local community at all stages of the project (Participatory evaluation). The findings indicates high acceptance of the project by the community.
- All report were submitted to the DITEC secretariat for further evaluation of the project(Mid term Review and End of year two Evaluation).

Sustainability of the project

- The community were involved right from the beginning of the project and therefore this assure the sustainability of the project after phasing out of the donor funding,
- Technical and financial support from DITEC contributions will continue to assure a good sustainability of the project.

Conclusion and Recommendations

To distribute results of the study to other organization working in similar objective within the District so as to wide the implementation of the project Involves Other stakeholders in interpreting and implementation of the findings, these will includes; political leaders, religion leaders, government officials, district councilors and other NGO/CBO.



